

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human/Mouse
Specificity	Detects human and mouse MCM2 in Western blots.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human MCM2 Asp143-Ser296 Accession # P49736
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 700 Excitation Wavelength: 675-700 nm Emission Wavelength: 723 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide
*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.	

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Immunohistochemistry	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

CM2 (Minichromosome maintenance protein 2; also BM28) is a member of the MCM family of proteins. Although its predicted MW is 102 kDa, it runs anomalously at 125 kDa in SDS-PAGE. MCM2 forms a large, 450-600 kDa prereplication complex with MCM3 through 7 plus HBO1, and associates with the ORC to initiate DNA synthesis. Human MCM2 is 904 amino acids (aa) in length (Accession # P49736). It contains one C4-type zinc finger region (aa 329-355) and a P-loop NTPase region (aa 485-659) and at least 12 Ser/Thr phosphorylation sites in the N-terminal one-third of the molecule. MCM2 has several potential isoforms. There is an alternate start site at Met10 with or without a 47 aa substitution for aa 109-157, a deletion of aa 31-126, a Gly substitution for aa 113-132 coupled with a 69 aa insertion after Lys476, and a seven aa substitution for aa 1-137. Over aa 143-296, human MCM2 shares 99% aa identity with mouse MCM2.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

This product is provided under an agreement between Life Technologies Corporation and R&D Systems, Inc, and the manufacture, use, sale or import of this product is subject to one or more US patents and corresponding non-US equivalents, owned by Life Technologies Corporation and its affiliates. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and components of the product only in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The sale of this product is expressly conditioned on the buyer not using the product or its components (1) in manufacturing; (2) to provide a service, information, or data to an unaffiliated third party for payment; (3) for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; (4) to resell, sell, or otherwise transfer this product or its components to any third party, or for any other commercial purpose. Life Technologies Corporation will not assert a claim against the buyer of the infringement of the above patents based on the manufacture, use or sale of a commercial product developed in research by the buyer in which this product or its components was employed, provided that neither this product nor any of its components was used in the manufacture of such product. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than research, contact Life Technologies Corporation, Cell Analysis Business Unit, Business Development, 29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402, Tel: (541) 465-8300. Fax: (541) 335-0354.