

## DESCRIPTION

<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects human ER $\alpha$ .
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal Sheep IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen Affinity-purified
<b>Immunogen</b>	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human ER $\alpha$ Met1-Gln116 Accession # P03372
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution in PBS.

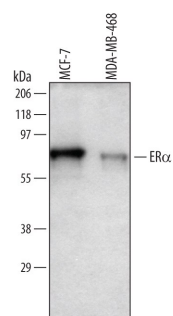
## APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	<b>Recommended Concentration</b>	<b>Sample</b>
<b>Western Blot</b>	0.5 $\mu$ g/mL	See Below
<b>Immunohistochemistry</b>	5-15 $\mu$ g/mL	See Below
<b>Simple Western</b>	5 $\mu$ g/mL	See Below

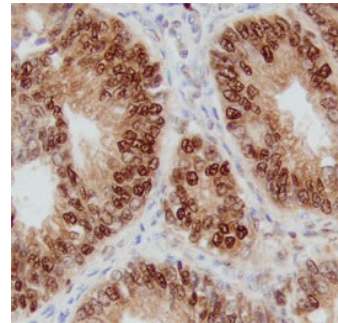
## DATA

### Western Blot



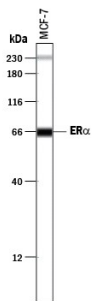
**Detection of Human ER $\alpha$ /NR3A1 by Western Blot.** Western blot shows lysates of MCF-7 human breast cancer cell line and MDA-MB-468 human breast cancer cell line. PVDF membrane was probed with 0.5  $\mu$ g/mL of Sheep Anti-Human ER $\alpha$ /NR3A1 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF5715) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Sheep IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF016). A specific band was detected for ER $\alpha$ /NR3A1 at approximately 65 to 70 kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using *Immunoblot Buffer Group 1*.

### Immunohistochemistry



**ER $\alpha$ /NR3A1 in Human Endometrial Cancer Tissue.** ER $\alpha$ /NR3A1 was detected in immersion fixed paraffin-embedded sections of human endometrial cancer tissue using Sheep Anti-Human ER $\alpha$ /NR3A1 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF5715) at 10  $\mu$ g/mL overnight at 4 °C. Before incubation with the primary antibody tissue was subjected to heat-induced epitope retrieval using Antigen Retrieval Reagent-Basic (Catalog # CTS013). Tissue was stained using the Anti-Sheep HRP-DAB Cell & Tissue Staining Kit (brown; Catalog # CTS019) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). View our protocol for *Chromogenic IHC Staining of Paraffin-embedded Tissue Sections*.

### Simple Western



**Detection of Human ER $\alpha$ /NR3A1 by Simple Western™.** Simple Western lane view shows lysates of MCF-7 human breast cancer cell line, loaded at 0.2 mg/mL. A specific band was detected for ER $\alpha$ /NR3A1 at approximately 66 kDa (as indicated) using 5  $\mu$ g/mL of Sheep Anti-Human ER $\alpha$ /NR3A1 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF5715) followed by 1:50 dilution of HRP-conjugated Anti-Sheep IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF016). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using the 12-230 kDa separation system. Non-specific interaction with the 230 kDa Simple Western standard may be seen with this antibody.



## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

<b>Reconstitution</b>	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<b>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> <li>● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul>

## BACKGROUND

ER $\alpha$  (Estrogen receptor alpha; also Estradiol receptor and NR3A1) is a 65-70 kDa member of the NR3 subfamily, nuclear hormone receptor family of proteins. It is widely expressed, and serves as a strong activator of estrogen-responsive genes. ER $\alpha$  is normally quiescent and bound to heat-shock proteins and immunophilins. Following  $\beta$ -estradiol binding, it becomes activated, either homodimerizes or heterodimerizes with ER $\beta$ , and binds to DNA with multiple coactivators. Human ER $\alpha$  is 595 amino acids (aa) in length, and contains a DNA binding region (aa 185-250), three NLSs (aa 256-260; 266-271; 299-303), a steroid-binding site (aa 351-543), a dimerization motif (aa 497-518), and an O-GlcNAc attachment around Thr575. Major phosphorylation sites exist at Tyr537, Ser167 and Ser118.