

DESCRIPTION

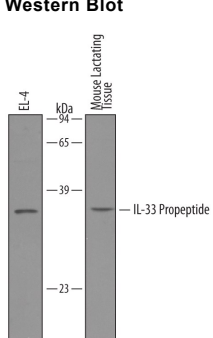
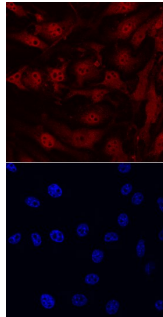
Species Reactivity	Mouse
Specificity	Detects mouse IL-33 Propeptide in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, less than 5% cross-reactivity with mature recombinant mouse IL-33 and recombinant human IL-33 Propeptide is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Sheep IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant mouse IL-33 Met1-Leu108 Accession # Q8BVZ5
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	1 µg/mL	See Below
Immunocytochemistry	5-15 µg/mL	See Below

DATA

<p>Western Blot</p>  <p>Detection of Mouse IL-33 Propeptide by Western Blot. Western blot shows lysates of EL-4 mouse lymphoblast cell line and mouse lactating mammary tissue. PVDF membrane was probed with 1 µg/mL of Sheep Anti-Mouse IL-33 Propeptide Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF5010) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Sheep IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF016). A specific band was detected for IL-33 Propeptide at approximately 30 kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Immunoblot Buffer Group 8.</p>	<p>Immunocytochemistry</p>  <p>IL-33 in bEnd.3 Mouse Cell Line. IL-33 was detected in immersion fixed bEnd.3 mouse endothelioma cell line using Sheep Anti-Mouse IL-33 Propeptide Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF5010) at 10 µg/mL for 3 hours at room temperature. Cells were stained using the NorthernLights™ 557-conjugated Anti-Sheep IgG Secondary Antibody (red, upper panel; Catalog # NL010) and counterstained with DAPI (blue, lower panel). View our protocol for Fluorescent ICC Staining of Cells on Coverslips.</p>
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PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. ● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. ● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

IL-33, also known as NF-HEV and DVS 27, is a 30 kDa proinflammatory protein that may also regulate gene transcription (1-3). DVS 27 was identified as a gene that is up-regulated in vasospastic cerebral arteries (1). NF-HEV was described as a nuclear factor that is preferentially expressed in the endothelial cells of high endothelial venules relative to endothelial cells from other tissues (2). IL-33 was identified based on sequence and structural homology with IL-1 family cytokines (3). DVS 27, NF-HEV, and IL-33 share 100% amino acid sequence identity. IL-33 is constitutively expressed in smooth muscle and airway epithelia. It is up-regulated in arterial smooth muscle, dermal fibroblasts, and keratinocytes following IL-1 α or IL-1 β stimulation (1, 3). Similar to IL-1, IL-33 can be cleaved *in vitro* by caspase-1, generating an N-terminal fragment that is slightly shorter than the C-terminal fragment (3, 4). The N-terminal portion of full length IL-33 contains a predicted bipartite nuclear localization sequence and a homeodomain-like helix-turn-helix DNA binding domain. By immunofluorescence, full length IL-33 localizes to the nucleus in HUVECs and transfectants (2). The C-terminal fragment, corresponding to mature IL-33, binds and triggers signaling through mast cell IL-1 R4/ST2L, a longtime orphan receptor involved in the augmentation of Th2 cell responses (3, 5-7). A ternary signaling complex is formed by the subsequent association of IL-33 and ST2L with IL-1R AcP (8). Stimulation of Th2 polarized lymphocytes with mature IL-33 *in vitro* induces IL-5 and IL-13 secretion (3). *In vivo* administration of mature IL-33 promotes increased production of IL-5, IL-13, IgE, and IgA, as well as splenomegaly and inflammatory infiltration of mucosal tissues (3). Full length and mature mouse IL-33 share approximately 55% and 90% aa sequence identity with human and rat IL-33, respectively. Mouse IL-33 shares less than 25% aa sequence identity with other IL-1 family proteins.

References:

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2. Baekkevold, E.S. *et al.* (2003) *Am. J. Pathol.* **163**:69.
3. Schmitz, J. *et al.* (2005) *Immunity* **23**:479.
4. Black, R.A. *et al.* (1989) *J. Biol. Chem.* **264**:5323.
5. Xu, D. *et al.* (1998) *J. Exp. Med.* **187**:787.
6. Lohning, M. *et al.* (1998) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* **95**:6930.
7. Dinarello, C.A. (2005) *Immunity* **23**:461.
8. Chackerian, A.A. *et al.* (2007) *J. Immunol.* **179**:2551.