

## DESCRIPTION

<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects human SIRPy/CD172g in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, less than 5% cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) SIRPα, rhSIRPβ1, and recombinant mouse SIRPα is observed.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal Sheep IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen Affinity-purified
<b>Immunogen</b>	Chinese hamster ovary cell line CHO-derived recombinant human SIRPy/CD172g Val64-Ser364, (Val263Ala) and (Ser286Leu) Accession # Q9P1W8
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS.

## APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
<b>Western Blot</b>	0.5 μg/mL	See Below
<b>Flow Cytometry</b>	2.5 μg/10 <sup>6</sup> cells	See Below
<b>CyTOF-ready</b>	Ready to be labeled using established conjugation methods. No BSA or other carrier proteins that could interfere with conjugation.	

## DATA

**Western Blot**

**Detection of Human SIRPy/CD172g by Western Blot.** Western blot shows lysates of NK-92 human natural killer lymphoma cell line, Jurkat human acute T cell leukemia cell line, and human thymus tissue. PVDF membrane was probed with 0.5 μg/mL of Sheep Anti-Human SIRPy/CD172g Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF4486) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Sheep IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF016). Specific bands were detected for SIRPy/CD172g at approximately 45-50 kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Immunoblot Buffer Group 1.

**Flow Cytometry**

**Detection of SIRPy/CD172g in Human Blood Monocytes by Flow Cytometry.** Human peripheral blood monocytes were stained with Sheep Anti-Human SIRPy/CD172g Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF4486) followed by Phycoerythrin-conjugated Anti-Sheep IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # F0126) and Mouse Anti-Human CD3ε APC-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB100A). Quadrant markers were set based on control antibody staining (Catalog # 5-001-A).

## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

<b>Reconstitution</b>	Sterile PBS to a final concentration of 0.2 mg/mL.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<p><b>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> <li>● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul>

## BACKGROUND

Signal regulatory protein gamma (SIRPγ, designated CD172g), also called SIRPβ2, is a monomeric 45-47 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein belonging to the SIRP/SHPS (CD172) family of the Ig superfamily (1 - 5). SIRP members are "paired receptors" with homology in the extracellular domain but variability in the C-terminus and signaling function (1, 2). The 387 amino acid (aa) SIRPγ sequence contains a 28 aa potential signal sequence, a 332 aa extracellular domain (ECD) with four potential N-glycosylation sites, a 23 aa transmembrane domain and a 4 aa cytoplasmic sequence. SIRPγ contains one V-type Ig-like domain that contains a J-like sequence and two C1-type Ig-like domains within its ECD (1, 2). Isoforms that lack one (isoform 2, 276 aa) or two (isoform 3, 170 aa) membrane-proximal C-type Ig-like domains have been described (5). Within the ECD, human SIRPγ isoform 1 shares 78% aa identity with human SIRPβ1, and appears to have structurally similar orthologs only in rhesus monkey and chimpanzee (100% and 91% aa identity, respectively) (2). SIRPγ is the only SIRP known to be expressed on T cells, CD56<sup>bright</sup> NK cells and activated NK cells; it is not expressed on myeloid cells (5, 6). It shows adhesion to CD47, but at lower affinity than SIRPα (6). Expression of SIRPγ on T cells suggests a role as an accessory protein interacting with CD47-expressing antigen presenting cells (5, 6). Unlike SIRPα that has cytoplasmic ITIM domains, and SIRPβ1 that interacts with DAP-12, SIRPγ does not contain any obvious signaling mechanism (1, 2, 6). However, SIRPγ-mediated adhesion appears to promote antigen-specific T cell proliferation and costimulate T cell activation (5).

## References:

1. Barclay, A.N. & M.H. Brown (2006) *Nat. Rev. Immunol.* **6**:457.
2. vanBeek, E.M. *et al.* (2005) *J. Immunol.* **175**:7781.
3. van den Berg, T.K. *et al.* (2005) *J. Immunol.* **175**:7788.
4. Ichigotani, Y. *et al.* (2000) *J. Hum. Genet.* **45**:378.
5. Piccio, L. *et al.* (2005) *Blood* **105**:2421.
6. Brooke, G. *et al.* (2004) *J. Immunol.* **173**:2562.