

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Laminin α 1 N-Terminus Domain VI in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs and Western blots, less than 1% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse LAMA4 is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human Laminin α 1 N-Terminus Domain VI Leu22-Met269 Accession # P25391
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 594 Excitation Wavelength: 590 nm Emission Wavelength: 617 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Immunohistochemistry	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Intracellular Staining by Flow Cytometry	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

Laminin subunit α 1 (LAMA1) is a secreted 400 kDa extracellular matrix glycoprotein that contributes to the formation of basement membrane Laminin isoforms 1 and 3. It is one of three subunits (α , β , and γ) that interact via their coiled-coil domains to form the approximately 800 kDa cruciform, disulfide-linked, Laminin heterotrimer. The 3058 amino acid (aa) residue mature human α 1 chain contains an N-terminal Laminin VI domain (aa 18-269), followed by domains V through III containing 17 EGF-like repeats, the coiled-coil domains II and I, and five globular, Laminin G-like domains. Over aa 22-269, human Laminin α 1 shares 95% and 91% aa sequence identity with canine and mouse α 1 chain, respectively.

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