

Human CLOCK Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Sheep IgG Catalog Number: AF4026

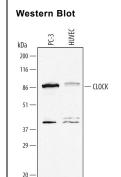
DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human CLOCK in Western blots.
Source	Polyclonal Sheep IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant human CLOCK Glu108-Glu234 Accession # O15516
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	0.5 μg/mL	See Below

DATA



Detection of Human CLOCK by Western Blot. Western blot shows lysates of PC-3 human prostate cancer cell line and HUVEC human umbilical vein endothelial cells. PVDF membrane was probed with 0.5 µg/mL of Human CLOCK Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF4026) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Sheep IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF016). A specific band was detected for CLOCK at approximately 95 kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted using Immunoblot Buffer Group 1.

PKE	PAKA	HON	AND	SIC	JKAC	jΕ

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

ShippingThe product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

Stability & Storage Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

CLOCK is an essential regulator of circadian rhythms. CLOCK is a basic helix-loop-helix-PAS transcription factor that heterodimerizes with BMAL1. Together these transcription factors bind to E box elements (CACGTG) within the promoter of circadian genes (period1 and 2) stimulating their transcription. BMAL dimerization is necessary for CLOCK's nuclear translocation, E box dependent transcription, phosphorylation, and degradation.

Rev. 2/6/2018 Page 1 of 1

