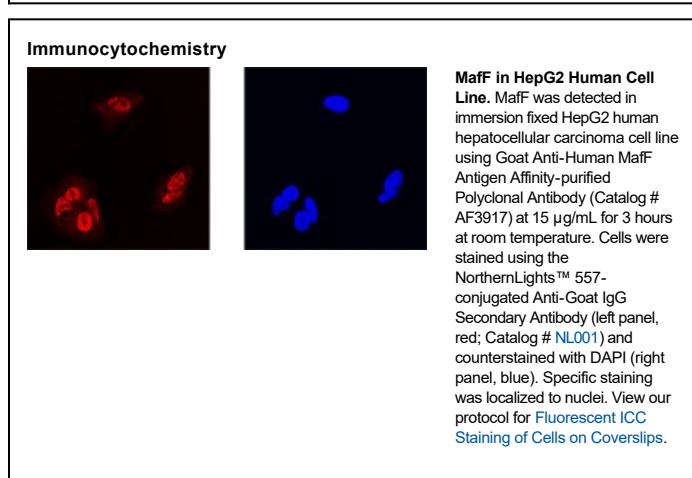
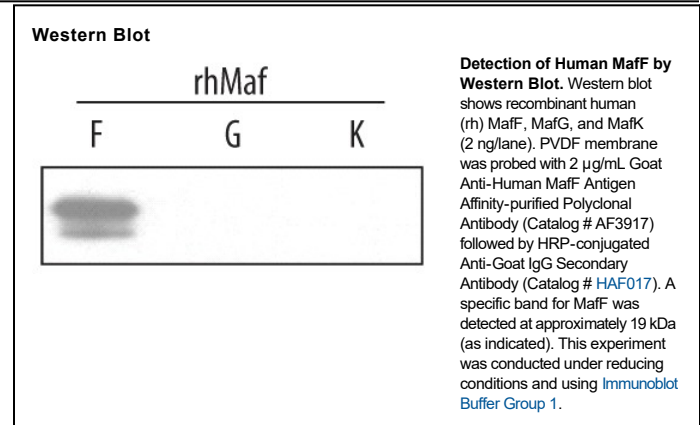
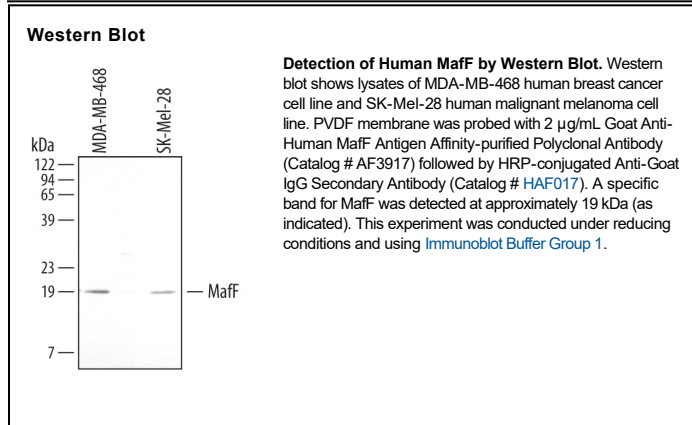


DESCRIPTION	
Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human MafF in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In Western blots, less than 1% cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) MafG and rhMafK is observed.
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human MafF Ser2-Ser164 Accession # Q9ULX9
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.

APPLICATIONS
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	2 µg/mL	See Below
Immunocytochemistry	5-15 µg/mL	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none">● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Maf family members form a unique subclass of basic-leucine zipper (bZIP) transcription factors. Maf proteins are subdivided into two groupings: large, including c-Maf, Nrl, MafA, and MafB; and small, including MafF, MafG, and MafK. Large Mafs contain an N-terminal acidic domain important for transcriptional activation that is lacking in small Maf family members. Small Maf/Nrf2 heterodimers have been implicated in the regulation of antioxidant response element-dependent genes.