

Human IGF-II R/IGF2R Antibody

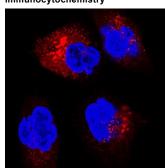
Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AF2447

DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects human IGF-II R/IGF2R in direct ELISAs and Western blots.	
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG	
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified	
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human IGF-II R/IGF2R Ser1510-Phe2108 Accession # P11717	
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 μg of the antibody by the LAL method.	
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.	

APPLICATIONS					
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.					
	Recommended Concentration	Sample			
Western Blot	0.1 μg/mL	Recombinant Human IGF-II R/IGF2R (Catalog # 2447-GR)			
Flow Cytometry	2.5 μg/10 ⁶ cells	See Below			
Immunocytochemistry	5-15 μg/mL	See Below			
Immunohistochemistry	5-15 μg/mL	See Below			
CyTOF-ready	Ready to be labeled using established conjugation methods. No BSA or other carrier proteins that could interfere with conjugation.				
Blockade of Receptor-ligand Interaction	In a functional ELISA, 0.5-2.5 μg/mL of this antibody will block 50% of the binding of 50 ng/mL of Recombinant Human IGF-II/IGF2 (Catalog # 292-G2) to immobilized Recombinant Human IGF-II R/IGF2R (Catalog # 2447-GR) coated at 2 μg/mL (100 μL/well). At 20 μg/mL, this antibody will block >90% of the binding.				

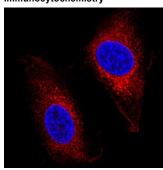
Detection of IGF-II R/IGF2R in Human Monocytes by Flow Cytometry. Human whole blood monocytes were stained with Goat Anti-Human IGF-II R/IGF2R Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF2447, filled histogram) or control antibody (Catalog # Catalog # AB-108-C, open histogram), followed by Phycoerythrin-conjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # Catalog # F0107).

Immunocytochemistry



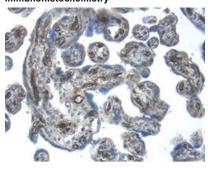
IGF-II R/IGF2R in A172 Human Cell Line. IGF-II R/IGF2R was detected in immersion fixed A172 human glioblastoma cell line using Goat Anti-Human IGF-II R/IGF2R Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF2447) at 5 μg/mL for 3 hours at room temperature. Cells were stained using the NorthernLights™ 557-conjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (red; Catalog # NL001) and counterstained with DAPI (blue). Specific staining was localized to cytoplasm. View our protocol for Fluorescent ICC Staining of Cells on Coverslips.

Immunocytochemistry



IGF-II R/IGF2R in A549 Human Cell Line. IGF-II R/IGF2R was detected in immersion fixed A549 human lung carcinoma cell line using Goat Anti-Human IGF-II R/IGF2R Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF2447) at 5 μg/mL for 3 hours at room temperature. Cells were stained using the NorthernLights™ 557-conjugated AntiGoat IgG Secondary Antibody (red; Catalog # NL001) and counterstained with DAPI (blue). Specific staining was localized to cell surface and cytoplasm. View our protocol for Fluorescent ICC Staining of Cells on Coversilps.

Immunohistochemistry



IGF-II R/IGF2R R in Human Placenta, IGF-II R/IGF2R was detected in immersion fixed paraffin-embedded sections of . human placenta using 10 μg/mL Goat Anti-Human IGF-II R/IGF2R Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF2447) overnight at 4 °C. Tissue was stained with the Anti-Goat HRP-DAB Cell & Tissue Staining Kit (brown; Catalog # Catalog # CTS008) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). View our protocol for Chromogenic IHC Staining of Paraffin-embedded Tissue

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PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.	

BACKGROUND

The type 2 insulin-like growth factor receptor (also known as cation-independent mannose-6 phosphate receptor/CI-MPR) is a 300 kDa member of the P-type lectin family of molecules. P-type lectins generate functional eukaryotic lysosomes by binding and sorting lysosomal enzymes expressing phosphorylated mannose residues (M6P) (1-3). IGF-II R is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein that contains a 2,264 amino acid (aa) extracellular region, a 23 aa transmembrane segment and a 124 aa cytoplasmic tail (4, 5). The extracellular region consists of 15 contiguous "binding" repeats of about 150 aa each. The odd-numbered repeats interact with "ligands" while the even-numbered repeats likely generate a nondisulfide homodimer in the membrane (1). Repeat #11 binds IGF-II, while repeats 3 and 9 bind mannose-6 phosphate; repeat #13 contains a fibronectin type II motif and assists in IGF-II binding (1, 2). In the extracellular region of IGF-II R expressed by R&D Systems (600 aa's), human IGF-II R is 85% aa identical to both mouse and bovine IGF-II R. This expressed region includes binding repeats #11, 12, and 13. In addition to IGF-II, CI-MPR/IGF-II R binds non-M6P containing ligands such as retinoic acid, urokinase-type plasminogen-activator receptor and plasminogen, plus M6P-containing molecules such as lysosomal enzymes, TGF-β1 precursor, proliferin, LIF, CD26, herpes simplex glycoprotein D, and granzymes A and B (2, 6). IGF-II R regulates many diverse biological functions that range from intracellular trafficking to the internalization of extracellular factors and modulation of cellular responses. It delivers newly synthesized M6P-tagged lysosomal enzymes from the trans-golgi network to endosomes, and facilitates the clearance of extracellular lysosomal and matrix degrading enzymes by internalization into clathrin-coated vesicles and delivery into endosomes. With respect to IGF-II biology, it would appear that IGF-II R is principally a regulator of local IGF-II levels, targeting IGF-II for destruction in lysosomes (2). Howe

References:

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- 4. Morgan, D.O. et al. (1987) Nature 329:301.
- 5. Oshima, A. et al. (1988) J. Biol. Chem. 263:2553.
- 6. Hawkes, C. and S. Kar (2004) Brain Res. Rev. 44:117.

