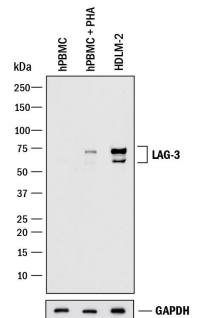
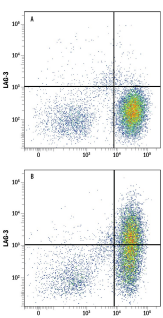
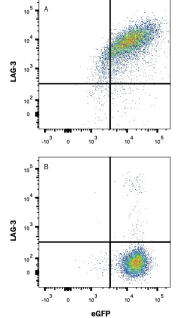


| DESCRIPTION               |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Species Reactivity</b> | Human   |
| <b>Specificity</b>        | Detects human LAG-3 in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, less than 10% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse LAG-3 is observed.  |
| <b>Source</b>             | Polyclonal Goat IgG   |
| <b>Purification</b>       | Antigen Affinity-purified   |
| <b>Immunogen</b>          | Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human LAG-3<br>Leu23-Leu450<br>Accession # P18627   |
| <b>Formulation</b>        | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details.<br>*Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS. |

| APPLICATIONS   |   |           |
|--|---|-----------|
| <b>Please Note:</b> Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. <a href="#">General Protocols</a> are available in the Technical Information section on our website. |   |           |
|  | Recommended Concentration   | Sample    |
| <b>Western Blot</b>  | 1 µg/mL   | See Below |
| <b>Flow Cytometry</b>  | 0.25 µg/10 <sup>6</sup> cells   | See Below |
| <b>CyTOF-reported</b>  | Lowther, D.E. <i>et al.</i> (2016) JCI Insight 1:e85935. Ready to be labeled using established conjugation methods. No BSA or other carrier proteins that could interfere with conjugation. |           |

| DATA  |   |
|---|---|
| <p><b>Western Blot</b></p>  <p><b>Detection of Human LAG-3 by Western Blot.</b> Western blot shows lysates of human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) untreated or treated (+) with 1 µg/mL PHA for 5 days and HDLM-2 human Hodgkin's lymphoma cell line. PVDF membrane was probed with 1 µg/mL of Goat Anti-Human LAG-3 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF2319) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # HAF017). Specific bands were detected for LAG-3 at approximately 60-75 kDa (as indicated). GAPDH (Catalog # MAB5718) is shown as a loading control. This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Immunoblot Buffer Group 1.</p> | <p><b>Flow Cytometry</b></p>  <p><b>Detection of LAG-3 in CD3<sup>+</sup> Human PBMCs by Flow Cytometry.</b> Human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) either (A) untreated or (B) treated with 1 µg/mL PHA for 5 days were stained with Goat Anti-Human LAG-3 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF2319) followed by Allophycocyanin-conjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # F0108) and Mouse Anti-Human CD3ε PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB100P). Quadrant markers were set based on control antibody staining (Catalog # AB-108-C). View our protocol for <a href="#">Staining Membrane-associated Proteins</a>.</p> |

|  |
|--|
| <p><b>Flow Cytometry</b></p>  <p><b>Detection of LAG-3 in HEK293 Human Cell Line Transfected with Human LAG-3 and eGFP by Flow Cytometry.</b> HEK293 human embryonic kidney cell line transfected with either (A) human LAG-3 or (B) irrelevant transfectants and eGFP was stained with Goat Anti-Human LAG-3 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF2319) followed by Allophycocyanin-conjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # F0108). Quadrant markers were set based on control antibody staining (Catalog # AB-108-C, data not shown). View our protocol for <a href="#">Staining Membrane-associated Proteins</a>.</p> |
|--|

| PREPARATION AND STORAGE        |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Reconstitution</b>          | Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.  |
| <b>Shipping</b>                | The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.<br>*Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C   |
| <b>Stability &amp; Storage</b> | <b>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> <li>• 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul> |

#### BACKGROUND

LAG-3 (Lymphocyte activation gene-3), also known as CD223, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily (IgSF). The mature LAG-3 protein is a 496 amino acid (aa) membrane protein with a 421 aa extracellular region which contains four IgSF domains, a 21 aa transmembrane region and a 54 aa cytoplasmic region. LAG-3 and CD4 molecules share < 20% aa sequence homology but have a similar structure (1, 2). Both molecules bind to MHC class II. LAG-3 binds to MHC class II with higher affinity compared to CD4. Both LAG-3 and CD4 genes are located on the distal part of the short arm of chromosome 12. LAG-3 is an activation-induced molecule, expressed on activated T cells and NK cells, but not on resting T cells. Studies using LAG-3<sup>-/-</sup> mice have shown significant delay of T cell apoptosis following antigen stimulation and increased size of memory T cells pool following infection (3, 4). It also has been reported that anti-LAG-3 antibodies up-regulate T cell activation by blocking interaction of LAG-3 and MHC class II. The study has demonstrated that LAG-3 is selectively expressed on activated CD4<sup>+</sup>CD25<sup>+</sup> T<sub>Reg</sub> cells and plays a role in their suppressive activity (5). This evidence indicated, unlike the interaction of CD4 with MHC class II that plays a positive role in T cell activation, LAG-3 binds to MHC class II and negatively regulates T cell activation through LAG-3 signaling. On the other hand, studies have shown that binding of LAG-3 to MHC class II molecules on antigen presenting cells induce maturation of dendritic cells and cytokine secretion by monocytes through MHC class II signal transduction (6). Taken together, LAG-3 may have two major functions, it negatively regulates T cells activation through LAG-3 signaling and stimulates antigen presenting cells which express MHC class II.

#### References:

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3. Workman, C.J. and D.A. Vignali (2003) *Eur. J. Immunol.* **33**:970.
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5. Huang, C.T. *et al.* (2004) *Immunity* **21**:503.
6. Andrae, S. *et al.* (2003) *Blood* **102**:2130.