

#### DESCRIPTION

|                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Species Reactivity</b>                                                                                                                                                                               | Human/Mouse/Rat                                                                         |
| <b>Specificity</b>                                                                                                                                                                                      | Detects human, mouse, and rat Vimentin in Western blots.                                |
| <b>Source</b>                                                                                                                                                                                           | Polyclonal Goat IgG                                                                     |
| <b>Purification</b>                                                                                                                                                                                     | Antigen Affinity-purified                                                               |
| <b>Immunogen</b>                                                                                                                                                                                        | <i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant human Vimentin<br>Ser2-Glu466<br>Accession # P08670 |
| <b>Conjugate</b>                                                                                                                                                                                        | Alexa Fluor 647<br>Excitation Wavelength: 650 nm<br>Emission Wavelength: 668 nm         |
| <b>Formulation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                      | Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide                            |
| *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions. |                                                                                         |

#### APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *General Protocols* are available in the *Technical Information* section on our website.

|                             |                                                                        |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Knockout Validated</b>   | Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined. |
| <b>Western Blot</b>         | Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined. |
| <b>Immunocytochemistry</b>  | Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined. |
| <b>Immunohistochemistry</b> | Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined. |

#### PREPARATION AND STORAGE

|                                |                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Shipping</b>                | The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. |
| <b>Stability &amp; Storage</b> | Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied                          |

#### BACKGROUND

Vimentin is a 57 kDa class III intermediate filament (IF) protein that belongs to the intermediate filament family. It is the predominant IF in cells of mesenchymal origin such as vascular endothelium and blood cells (1-3). The human Vimentin cDNA encodes a 466 amino acid (aa) protein that contains head and tail regions with multiple regulatory Ser/Thr phosphorylation sites, and a central rod domain with three coiled-coil regions separated by linkers (1, 2). Human Vimentin shares 97-98% aa identity with mouse, rat, ovine, bovine and canine Vimentin. Sixteen Vimentin coiled-coil dimers self-assemble to form intermediate (10-12 nm wide) filaments (4). These filaments then anneal longitudinally to form non-polarized fibers that support cell structure and withstand stress (4). IF fibers are highly dynamic, and half-life depends on the balance between kinase and phosphatase activity. For example, phosphorylation followed by dephosphorylation drives IF disintegration, followed by reorganization during mitosis (1, 5, 6). Interactions of head and tail domains link IFs with other structures such as actin and microtubule cytoskeletons (7). Vimentin is involved in positioning autophagosomes, lysosomes and the Golgi complex within the cell (8). It facilitates cell migration and motility by recycling internalized trailing edge integrins back to the cell surface at the leading edge (9-11). Vimentin helps maintain the lipid composition of cellular membranes, and caspase cleavage of Vimentin is a key event in apoptosis (8, 12). Phosphorylation promotes secretion of Vimentin by TNF- $\alpha$ -stimulated macrophages (13). Extracellular Vimentin has been shown to associate with several microbes, and appears to promote an antimicrobial oxidative burst (13, 14). Cell-associated Vimentin can also interact with Nkp46 to recruit NK cells to tuberculosis-infected monocytes (15).

#### PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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