

DESCRIPTION

Species Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Detects human Fcγ RIIB/CD16 (CD16) in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In these formats, approximately 5% cross-reactivity with recombinant human Fcγ RIIA is observed and less than 2% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse CD16 is
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human Fcγ RIIB (R&D Systems, Catalog # 1597-FC) Thr20-Gln208 Accession # O75015
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 594 Excitation Wavelength: 590 nm Emission Wavelength: 617 nm
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide *Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.
Blockade of Receptor-ligand Interaction	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

Receptors for the Fc region of IgG (Fcγ R) are members of the Ig superfamily. Based on their genetic organization and molecular structure, three classes of human Fcγ Rs: RI (CD64), RII (CD32), and RIIB (CD16), which generate multiple isoforms, are recognized (1 - 3). These receptors function in the activation or inhibition of immune responses. The activating-type receptor either has, or associates non-covalently with an accessory subunit (FcRγ or ζ chain) that has an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) in its cytoplasmic domain. In contrast, the inhibitory receptor (Fcγ RIIB) has a built-in immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM) in its own cytoplasmic domain. Fcγ RI is a high-affinity receptor that binds monomeric IgG. Both Fcγ RII and RIIB are low-affinity receptors that bind IgG in the form of immune complexes. Two genes for human Fcγ RIIB, A and B, encoding a transmembrane receptor and a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) anchored protein, respectively, have been identified. Three allelic variants of Fcγ RIIB, NA-1, NA-2, and SH, exist. A soluble form of Fcγ RIIB corresponding to the extracellular region of the receptor is produced by proteolytic cleavage and circulates in plasma and other body fluids. The extracellular domains of Fcγ RIIB and B share 97% amino acid sequence homology. Whereas Fcγ RIIB is expressed on most effector cells of the immune system including macrophage, monocyte, NK cells, mast cells, eosinophils, dendritic cells, and Langerhans cells, Fcγ RIIB is selectively expressed in neutrophils and eosinophils. Signaling through Fcγ RIIB results in oxidative burst, cytokine release and phagocytosis by macrophages, antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity by natural killer cells and degranulation of mast cells. By contrast, Fcγ RIIB is a decoy receptor that binds IgG complexes without triggering activation. Soluble Fcγ RIIB has a regulatory role in inflammatory processes (4). It interacts with complement receptors CR3 and CR4 on monocytes to induce the production of pro-inflammatory cytokines.

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