

Human Galectin-7 Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AF1339

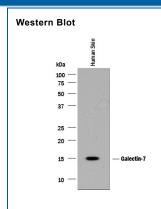
DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	ts human Galectin-7 in ELISAs and Western blots. In sandwich immunoassays, approximately 50% cross-reactivity with recombinant e (rm) Galectin-7 is observed and less than 0.5% cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) Galectin-1, rmGalectin-3, rhGalectin-4, nGalectin-8 is observed.		
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG		
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified		
Immunogen	E. coli-derived recombinant human Galectin-7 Ser2-Phe136 Accession # NP_002298		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.		

APPLICATIONS Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.				
	Recommended Concentration	Sample		
Western Blot	1 μg/mL	See Below		
Immunohistochemistry	5-15 μg/mL	Immersion fixed paraffin-embedded sections of human skin		
Simple Western	10 μg/mL	See Below		
Human Galectin-7 Sandwich Imn	nunoassay	Reagent		
ELISA Capture	0.2-0.8 μg/mL	Human Galectin-7 Antibody (Catalog # AF1339)		
ELISA Detection	0.1-0.4 μg/mL	Human Galectin-7 Biotinylated Antibody (Catalog # BAF1339)		
Standard		Recombinant Human Galectin-7 (Catalog # 1339-GA)		

Simple Western RDa 230 180 115 668 40 40 Galectin-7

DATA

Detection of Human Galectin-7 by Simple Western™. Simple Western lane view shows lysates of HEK001 human epidermal keratinocyte cell line, loaded at 0.2 mg/mL. A specific band was detected for Galectin-7 at approximately 21 kDa (as indicated) using 10 µg/mL of Goat Anti-Human Galectin-7 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF1339) followed by 1:50 dilution of HRPconjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # Catalog # HAF109). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using the 12-230 kDa separation system.



Detection of Human Galectin-7 by Western Blot. Western blot shows lysates of human skin tissue. PVDF membrane was probed with 1 µg/mL of Goat Anti-Human Galectin-7 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF1339) followed by HRP-conjugated Anti-Goat IgG Secondary Antibody (Catalog # Catalog # HAF017). A specific band was detected for Galectin-7 at approximately 15 kDa (as indicated). This experiment was conducted under reducing conditions and using Immunoblot Buffer Group 1.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.	

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BACKGROUND

The galectins constitute a large family of carbohydrate-binding proteins with specificity for N-acetyl-lactosamine-containing glycoproteins. At least 14 mammalian galectins, which share structural similarities in their carbohydrate recognition domains (CRD), have been identified. The galectins have been classified into the prototype galectins (-1, -2, -5, -7, -10, -11, -13, -14), which contain one CRD and exist either as a monomer or a noncovalent homodimer; the chimera galectins (Galectin-3) containing one CRD linked to a nonlectin domain; and the tandem-repeat galectins (-4, -6, -8, -9, -12) consisting of two CRDs joined by a linker peptide. Galectins lack a classical signal peptide and can be localized to the cytosolic compartments where they have intracellular functions. However, via one or more as yet unidentified non-classical secretory pathways, galectins can also be secreted to function extracellularly. Individual members of the galectin family have different tissue distribution profiles and exhibit subtle differences in their carbohydrate-binding specificities. Each family member may preferentially bind to a unique subset of cell-surface glycoproteins (1-4). Human Galectin-7 is a prototype monomeric galectin. It is specifically expressed in stratified epithelia, notably in epidermis, but is barely detectable in epidermal tumors and significantly down regulated or absent from squamous carconima cell lines. The Galectin-7 gene is induced by tumor suppressor protein p53 transcriptional activity following genotoxic events. A pro-apoptotic protein, Galectin-7 functions intracellularly upstream of JNK activation and cytochrome-c release. This protein has been shown to increase the susceptibility of keratinocytes to UVB induced apoptosis, an essential processes in the maintenance of epidermal homeostasis. Cell lines transfected with the Galectin-7 gene localized the protein in the nucleus and intracellularly. Human and mouse Galectin-7 share 79% amino acid homology (4-6).

References:

- 1. Rabinovich, A. et al. (2002) TRENDS in Immunol. 23:313.
- 2. Rabinovich, A. et al. (2002) J. Leukocyte Biology 71:741.
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- 4. R&D Systems Cytokine Bulletin; Summer 2002.
- 5. Bernerd, F. et al. (1999) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96:11329.
- 6. Kuwabara, I. et al. (2002) J. Biol. Chem. 277:3487.

