

Human Follistatin-related Gene Protein/FLRG Antibody

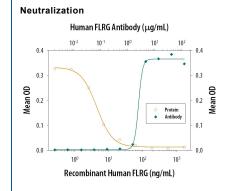
Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AF1288

DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects Follistatin-related Gene Protein/FLRG in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, approximately 40% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse FLRG is observed.	
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG	
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified	
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human FLRG Met27-Val263 Accession # 095633	
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the antibody by the LAL method.	
Formulation	on Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details. *Small pack size (-SP) is supplied either lyophilized or as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS.	

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be dete	ermined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.
Neutralization	Measured by its ability to neutralize Follistatin-related Gene Protein/FLRG inhibition of Activin A-dependent hemoglobin expression in the K562 human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line. The Neutralization Dose (ND ₅₀) is typically 1-4 μg/mL in the presence of 0.1 μg/mL Recombinant Human Follistatin-related Gene Protein/FLRG and 7.5 ng/mL Recombinant Human/Mouse/Rat Activin A.
ELISA	ELISA detection - This antibody can be used as a detection reagent in a human FLRG sandwich immunoassay in combination with the human FLRG capture reagent (Cat. # MAB1288) and recombinant human FLRG (Cat. # 1288-F3) as the standard. The suggested concentration range for this detection reagent is 0.1 - 0.4 μg/mL and should be titrated to determine the optimal concentration. In this format, less than 1% cross-reactivity is observed with rmFLRG.

DATA



Follistatin-related Gene Protein/FLRG Inhibition of Activin A-induced Hemoglobin Expression and Neutralization by Human Follistatin-related Gene Protein/FLRG Antibody. Recombinant Human Follistatinrelated Gene Protein/FLRG (Catalog # Catalog # 1288-F3) inhibits Recombinant Human/Mouse/Rat Activin A (Catalog # Catalog # 338-AC) induced hemoglobin expression in the K562 human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line in a dose-dependent manner (orange line), as measured by the psuedoperoxidase activity. Inhibition of Recombinant Human/Mouse/Rat Activin A (7.5 ng/mL) activity elicited by Recombinant Human Follistatinrelated Gene Protein/FLRG (0.1 µg/mL) is neutralized (green line) by increasing concentrations of Goat Anti-Human Follistatinrelated Gene Protein/FLRG Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AF1288). The ND₅₀ is typically 1-4 µg/mL.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS. The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below. Shipping *Small pack size (-SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

Stability & Storage

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

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BACKGROUND

Follistatin-related gene protein (FLRG), also known as follistatin-like 3 (FSTL3) is a glycoprotein belonging to the follistatin-module protein family. Human FLRG cDNA encodes a 263 amino acid (aa) residue protein with a putative 26 aa signal peptide, an N-terminal domain, two cysteine-rich follistatin-like domains (FS) and a C-terminal acidic domain. Compared to follistatin, FLRG lacks the third FS domain found in follistatin. In addition, FLRG also lacks the heparin-binding domain found within the first amino-terminal FS domain of follistatin. Mouse and human FLRG share approximately 83% aa sequence homology. Like follistatin, FLRG has been shown to bind and inhibit the activities of TGF-β family ligands including activin, BMP-2, -6, -7 and GDF-8/myostatin. While both FLRG and follistatin are located in a wide and overlapping range of adult and fetal tissue, their sites of peak expression differ: FLRG most highly in heart, lung, kidney, placenta and testis, while follistatin is highest in ovary and pituitary. The expression of FLRG is upregulated by TGF-β and activin signaling through Smad proteins. Although FLRG is a secreted protein in many cell types, it has also been localized to the nuclear compartment in HeLa, 293 and CHO cells (1-5).

References:

- 1. Tsuchida, K. et al. (2000) J. Biol. Chem. 275:40778.
- 2. Sidis, Y. et al. (2002) Endocrinology 143:1613.
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