

## Human Fc gamma RIB/CD64b Alexa Fluor® 350-conjugated Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AF1257U 100 µg

DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects human Fcy RI/CD64 in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, approximately 40% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse Fcy RI is observed and 10% cross-reactivity with recombinant human (rh) Fcy RIIA and rhFcy RIIIB	
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG	
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified	
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human Fcγ RI/CD64 Gln16-Pro288 Accession # P12314.2	
Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 350 Excitation Wavelength: 346 nm Emission Wavelength: 442 nm	
Formulation	Supplied 0.2mg/ml in 1X PBS with RDF1 and 0.09% Sodium Azide	
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Shee (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.	

APPLICATIONS			
Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.			
Western Blot	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.		
Blockade of Receptor-ligand Interaction	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.		

PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.	
Stability & Storage	Protect from light. Do not freeze. 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied	

## **BACKGROUND**

Receptors for the Fc region of IgG (Fc $\gamma$  Rs) are members of the Ig superfamily that function in the activation or inhibition of immune responses such as degranulation, phagocytosis, ADCC (antibody-dependent cellular toxicity), cytokine release, and B cell proliferation (1-3). The Fc $\gamma$  Rs have been divided into three classes based on close relationships in their extracellular domains; these groups are designated Fc $\gamma$  RI (also known as CD64), Fc $\gamma$  RII (CD32), and Fc $\gamma$  RIII (CD16). Each group may be encoded by multiple genes and exist in different isoforms depending on species and cell type. The CD64 proteins are high affinity receptors ( $\sim$ 10<sup>-8</sup> - 10<sup>-9</sup> M) capable of binding monomeric IgG, whereas the CD16 and CD32 proteins bind IgG with lower affinities ( $\sim$ 10<sup>-6</sup> - 10<sup>-7</sup> M) only recognizing IgG aggregates surrounding multivalent antigens (1, 4). Fc $\gamma$  Rs that deliver an activating signal either have an intrinsic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) within their cytoplasmic domains or associate with one of the ITAM-bearing adapter subunits, Fc R $\gamma$  or  $\zeta$  (3, 5). The only inhibitory member in human and mouse, Fc $\gamma$  RIIb, has an intrinsic cytoplasmic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM). The coordinated functioning of activating and inhibitory receptors is necessary for successful initiation, amplification, and termination of immune responses (5).

Three highly homologous genes (A, B, and C) sharing 98% identity at the nucleotide level have been identified for the human CD64 group (1). Fcy RI is transmembrane protein with three extracellular Ig-like domains, and it delivers an activating signal via the associated Fc Ry accessory chain. The genes for Fcy RIB and Fcy RIC contain stop codons within their membrane proximal Ig-like domains indicating possible secreted receptors (1, 6). An mRNA splice variant of Fcy RIB has a deletion of the membrane-proximal Ig-like domain and encodes a putative transmembrane receptor (6). The high affinity recognition of IgG by Fcy RI permits the triggering of effector responses at low IgG concentrations typical of early immune responses (2). Fcy RI is expressed constitutively on monocytes and macrophages and can be induced on neutrophils and eosinophils (1, 4). Its expression is up-regulated during bacterial infections and sepsis.

## PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

This product is provided under an agreement between Life Technologies Corporation and R&D Systems, Inc, and the manufacture, use, sale or import of this product is subject to one or more US patents and corresponding non-US equivalents, owned by Life Technologies Corporation and its affiliates. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and components of the product only in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The sale of this product is expressly conditioned on the buyer not using the product or its components (1) in manufacturing; (2) to provide a service, information, or data to an unaffiliated third party for payment; (3) for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; (4) to resell, sell, or otherwise transfer this product or its components to any third party, or for any other commercial purpose. Life Technologies Corporation will not assert a claim against the buyer of the infringement of the above patents based on the manufacture, use or sale of a commercial product developed in research by the buyer in which this product or its components was employed, provided that neither this product nor any of its components was used in the manufacture of such product. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than research, contact Life Technologies Corporation, Cell Analysis Business Unit, Business Development, 29851 Willow Creek Road, Eugene, OR 97402, Tel: (541) 465-8300. Fax: (541) 335-0354.

Rev. 9/12/2025 Page 1 of 1

Global | bio-techne.com info@bio-techne.com techsupport@bio-techne.com TEL: 1.612.379.2956

**Bio-Techne®**