biotechne

Human VEGF₁₆₅ Antibody

Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AB-293-NA

DESCRIPTION

RDsystems

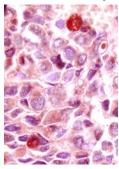
DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects human VEGF ₁₆₅ and human VEGF ₁₂₁ in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, less than 10% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse VEGF and recombinant rat VEGF is observed.	
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG	
Purification	Protein A or G purified	
Immunogen	<i>S. frugiperda</i> insect ovarian cell line <i>Sf</i> 21-derived recombinant human VEGF ₁₆₅ Ala27-Arg191 Accession # AAV38412	
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the antibody by the LAL method.	
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose.	

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.			
	Recommended Concentration	Sample	
Western Blot	1 µg/mL	Recombinant Human VEGF ₁₆₅ (Catalog # 293-VE)	
Immunohistochemistry	5-15 μg/mL	See Below	
Neutralization	Measured by its ability to neutralize VEGF ₁₆₅ -induced proliferation in HUVEC human umbilical vein endothelial cells. Conn, G. <i>et al.</i> (1990) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA 87 :1323. The Neutralization Dose (ND ₅₀) is typically 0.600- 7.20 μg/mL in the presence of 10 ng/mL Recombinant Human VEGF ₁₆₅ .		

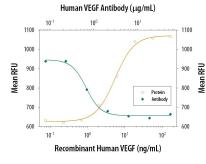
DATA

Immunohistochemistry



VEGF₁₆₅in Human Breast Cancer Tissue. VEGF₁₆₅was detected in immersion fixed frozen sections of human breast cancer tissue using 5 μg/mL Human VEGF₁₆₅Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AB-293-NA) overnight at 4 °C. Tissue was stained (red) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). View our protocol for Chromogenic IHC Staining of Frozen Tissue Sections.

Neutralization



Cell Proliferation Induced by VEGF₁₆₅and Neutralization by Human VEGF Antibody. Recombinant Human VEGF₁₆₅(Catalog # Catalog # 293-VE) stimulates proliferation in HUVEC human umbilical vein endothelial cells in a dosedependent manner (orange line). Proliferation elicited by Recombinant Human VEGF₁₆₅(10 ng/mL) is neutralized (green line) by increasing concentrations of Human VEGF 165 Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AB-293-NA). The ND₅₀ is typically 0.600-7.20 µg/mL

Immunohistochemistry

VEGF in Human Breast Cancer Tissue, VEGF was detected in immersion fixed paraffin-Staining of Paraffin-embedded

Tissue Sections.

embedded sections of human breast cancer tissue using Human VEGF 165 Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog # AB-293-NA) at 15 µg/mL overnight at 4 °C. Tissue was stained using the Anti-Goat HRP-DAB Cell & Tissue Staining Kit (brown; Catalog # Catalog # CTS008) and counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Lower panel shows a lack of labeling if primary antibodies are omitted and tissue is stained only with secondary antibody followed by incubation with detection reagents. View our protocol for Chromogenic IHC

Rev. 12/18/2023 Page 1 of 2



Global bio-techne.com info@bio-techne.com techsupport@bio-techne.com TEL +1 612 379 2956 USA TEL 800 343 7475 Canada TEL 855 668 8722 China TEL +86 (21) 52380373 Europe | Middle East | Africa TEL +44 (0)1235 529449

biotechne

Human VEGF₁₆₅ Antibody

Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AB-293-NA

RDsystems

PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 1 mg/mL in sterile PBS.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 	

• 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF or VEGF-A), also known as Vascular Permeability Factor (VPF), is a potent mediator of both angiogenesis and vasculogenesis in the fetus and adult. It is a member of the PDGF family that is characterized by the presence of eight conserved cysteine residues and a cystine knot structure. VEGF165 appears to be the most abundant and potent isoform, followed by VEGF121 and VEGF189. Human VEGF165 is an approximately 44 kDa molecular weight homodimer sharing 88% aa sequence identity with corresponding regions of mouse and rat, 96% with porcine, 95% with canine, and 93% with feline, equine and bovine VEGF, respectively. VEGF binds the type I transmembrane receptor tyrosine kinases VEGF R1 (also called FIt-1) and VEGF R2 (FIk-1/KDR) on endothelial cells. Although VEGF affinity is highest for binding to VEGF R1, VEGF R2 appears to be the primary mediator of VEGF angiogenic activity. VEGF165 binds the Semaphorin receptor, Neuropilin-1 and promotes complex formation with VEGF R2. VEGF is required during embryogenesis and functions to regulate the proliferation, migration, and survival of endothelial cells. In adults, VEGF functions mainly in wound healing and the female reproductive cycle. Pathologically, it is involved in tumor angiogenesis and vascular leakage. Circulating VEGF levels correlate with disease activity in autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis and systemic lupus erythematosus. VEGF is induced by hypoxia and cytokines such as IL-1, IL-6, IL-8, Oncostatin M (OSM) and TNF-alpha.

Rev. 12/18/2023 Page 2 of 2



Global bio-techne.com info@bio-techne.com techsupport@bio-techne.com TEL +1 612 379 2956 USA TEL 800 343 7475 Canada TEL 855 668 8722 China TEL +86 (21) 52380373 Europe | Middle East | Africa TEL +44 (0)1235 529449