

## Recombinant Mouse α-L-Iduronidase/IDUA

Catalog Number: 9348-GH

DESCRIPTION	
Source	Mouse myeloma cell line, NS0-derived
Source	Glu17-Ser634, with a C-terminal 6-His tag
	Accession # P48441
N-terminal Sequence	Glu17
Analysis	
Predicted Molecular	70 kDa
Mass	
SPECIFICATIONS	
SDS-PAGE	83-95 kDa, reducing conditions
Activity	Measured by its ability to cleave a fluorogenic substrate, 4-Methylumbelliferyl α-L-iduronide.
	The specific activity is >7,500 pmol/min/ug, as measured under the described conditions.
Endotoxin Level	<1.0 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Purity	>95%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie® Blue Staining.
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution in Sodium Acetate, NaCl and Glycerol. See Certificate of Analysis for details.
Activity Assay Protoco	oli
Materials	<ul> <li>Assay Buffer: 50 mM NaOAc, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% Brij-35 (w/v), pH 3.5</li> </ul>
	Developing Buffer: 0.1 M Tris, pH 9.0
	<ul> <li>Recombinant Mouse α-L-Iduronidase/IDUA (rmIDUA) (Catalog # 9348-GH)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Substrate: 4-methylumberlliferyl-α-L-Iduronide (Glycosynth, Catalog # 44076), 20 mM stock in DMSO</li> </ul>
	F16 Black Maxisorp Plate (Nunc, Catalog # 475515)
	Plate Reader (Model: SpectraMax Gemini EM by Molecular Devices) or equivalent
Assay	1. Dilute rmIDUA to 0.2 µg/mL in Assay Buffer. Minimize the number of dilution steps to obtain the best activity results.
	2. Dilute Substrate to 200 μM in Assay Buffer.
	3. Combine equal volumes of 0.2 µg/mL rmIDUA and 200 µM Substrate. Include a Substrate Blank containing Assay Buffer and
	Substrate.
	4. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
	5. Dilute mixtures to 0.005 µg/mL rmIDUA in Developing Buffer.
	<ol> <li>In a plate load 100 μL of diluted mixtures.</li> <li>Read at excitation and emission wavelengths of 365 nm and 445 nm (top read), respectively in endpoint mode.</li> </ol>
	8. Calculate specific activity:
	Adjusted Fluorescence* (RFII) y Conversion Factor** (nmol/RFII)
	Specific Activity (pino/min/pg) –
	Incubation time (min) x amount of enzyme (μg)
	*Adjusted for Substrate Blank.
	**Derived using calibration standard 4-methylumbelliferone (Sigma, Catalog # M1381).
Final Assay	Per Well:
Conditions	● rmIDUA: 0.0005 µg
	• Substrate: 5 μM
PREPARATION AND S	
Shipping	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	6 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.  70 °C as supplied.

## BACKGROUND

α-L-Iduronidase encoded by the IDUA gene is an important enzyme required for the lysosomal degradation of glycosaminoglycans (GAGS). It hydrolyzes the non-reducing terminal α-L-iduronic acid residues in GAGS including dermatan sulfate and heparan sulfate. Mature mouse IDUA shares 80% as identity with human IDUA. Mutations in IDUA that result in enzymatic deficiency lead to the autosomal recessive disease mucopolysaccharidosis type I (MPS I) (1). MPS I can be classified as three clinical subtypes; Hurler syndrome, Hurler-Scheie syndrome, and Scheie syndrome with decreasing severity, respectively. MPS I causes progressive cellular, tissue and organ damage, and several clinical studies using enzyme replacement therapy show positive results (2, 3). Recently, the IDUA gene has been linked to osteoporosis (4, 5).

3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after opening.

## References:

- 1. Scott, H.S. et al. (1995) Hum. Mutat. 6:288.
- 2. Wraith, J.E. (2005) Expert Opin. Pharmacother. 6:489.
- 3. Jameson, E. (2016) Cochrane Database Syst. Rev. 4: CD009354.
- 4. Kodric, K. et al. (2016) Wien Klin Wochenschr. 128:480.
- 5. Niu, T. et al. (2016) J. Bone Miner. Res. **31**:358.

Rev. 2/6/2018 Page 1 of 1

