

**DESCRIPTION**

<b>Source</b>	Mouse myeloma cell line, NS0-derived		
	Mouse Kallikrein 5 precursor (Val23-Arg67) Accession # NP_081082	Mouse Kallikrein 1 (Ile25-Asp261) Accession # P15947	6-His tag
	N-terminus		C-terminus
<b>N-terminal Sequence Analysis</b>	Val23 (Mouse Kallikrein 5 precursor)		
<b>Predicted Molecular Mass</b>	32 kDa		

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>SDS-PAGE</b>	40-45 kDa, reducing conditions
<b>Activity</b>	Measured by its ability to cleave a fluorogenic peptide substrate Pro-Phe-Arg-7-amido-4-methylcoumarin (PFR-AMC). The specific activity is >15,000 pmol/min/μg, as measured under the described conditions.
<b>Endotoxin Level</b>	<0.01 EU per 1 μg of the protein by the LAL method.
<b>Purity</b>	>95%, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by Colloidal Coomassie® Blue stain at 5 μg per lane.
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in Tris and NaCl. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

**Activity Assay Protocol**

<b>Materials</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Activation Buffer: 50 mM Tris, 10 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.5 (TCN)</li> <li>● Assay Buffer: 50 mM CHES, 250 mM NaCl, pH 10.0</li> <li>● Recombinant Mouse Kallikrein 1 (rmKLK1) (Catalog # 7928-SE)</li> <li>● Thermolysin (Catalog # 3097-ZN)</li> <li>● 1,10 Phenanthroline (Sigma, Catalog # 320056), 0.6 M stock in DMSO</li> <li>● Substrate: Pro-Phe-Arg-AMC (Bachem, Catalog # I-1295), 10 mM stock in DMSO</li> <li>● F16 Black Maxisorp Plate (Nunc, Catalog # 475515)</li> <li>● Fluorescent Plate Reader (Model: SpectraMax Gemini EM by Molecular Devices) or equivalent</li> </ul>
<b>Assay</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Dilute rmKLK1 to 200 μg/mL in Activation Buffer.</li> <li>2. Dilute Thermolysin to 2 μg/mL in Activation Buffer.</li> <li>3. Combine 20 μL of diluted rmKLK1 with 20 μL of diluted Thermolysin for final concentrations of 100 μg/mL and 1 μg/mL respectively.</li> <li>4. Incubate at 37 °C for 1 hour.</li> <li>5. Stop the reaction with 40 μL of 20 mM 1,10 Phenanthroline for a final concentration of 10 mM.</li> <li>6. Dilute incubated rmKLK1 to 0.2 ng/μL in Assay Buffer.</li> <li>7. Dilute Substrate to 200 μM in Assay Buffer.</li> <li>8. Load 50 μL of the 0.2 ng/μL rmKLK1 in a plate, and start the reaction by adding 50 μL of 200 μM Substrate. Include a Substrate Blank containing 50 μL Assay Buffer and 50 μL of 200 μM Substrate.</li> <li>9. Read at excitation and emission wavelengths of 380 nm and 460 nm (top read), respectively, in kinetic mode for 5 minutes.</li> <li>10. Calculate specific activity:                     <math display="block">\text{Specific Activity (pmol/min/}\mu\text{g)} = \frac{\text{Adjusted } V_{\text{max}}^* \text{ (RFU/min)} \times \text{Conversion Factor}^{**} \text{ (pmol/RFU)}}{\text{amount of enzyme (}\mu\text{g)}}</math> </li> </ol> <p>*Adjusted for Substrate Blank **Derived using calibration standard 7-Amino, 4-Methyl Coumarin (Sigma, Catalog # A-9891).</p>
<b>Final Assay Conditions</b>	Per Well: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● rmKLK1: 0.01 μg</li> <li>● Substrate: 100 μM</li> </ul>

**PREPARATION AND STORAGE**

<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 6 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>● 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after opening.</li> </ul>

## BACKGROUND

The kallikreins are a family of trypsin-like serine proteases, many of which are associated with a variety of cancers (1). Kallikrein 1 (KLK1) is also known as tissue kallikrein and urinary kallikrein. An important physiological function of KLK1 is the cleavage of kininogen to release a vasoactive kinin peptide, bradykinin (for rodent KLK1) or lysyl-bradykinin (for human KLK1) (2, 3). Kinins regulate vasodilation, blood pressure reduction, smooth muscle relaxation and contraction, pain induction and inflammation. Recombinant mouse KLK1 was expressed with a human CD33 signal peptide and a mouse KLK5 pro-peptide, followed by the mouse KLK1 catalytic domain (residues 25 to 261). The recombinant mouse KLK1 was purified as the latent pro-form, which is readily activated by treatment with thermolysin.

## References:

1. Avgeris, M. *et al.* (2012) *Biol. Chem.* **393**:301.
2. Hosoi, K. *et al.* (1994) *J. Biochem.* **115**:137.
3. Kato, H. *et al.* (1987) *J. Biochem.* **102**:1389.

## PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES

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