

**DESCRIPTION**

**Source** Chinese Hamster Ovary cell line, CHO-derived  
Glu33-Glu428, with a C-terminal 6-His tag  
Accession # BAA91310

**N-terminal Sequence Analysis** Glu33

**Predicted Molecular Mass** 46 kDa

**SPECIFICATIONS**

**SDS-PAGE** 43-45 kDa, reducing conditions

**Activity** Measured by its ability to cleave a substrate, p-Nitrophenyl phosphate (pNPP).  
The specific activity is >1800 pmol/min/μg, as measured under the described conditions.

**Endotoxin Level** <1.0 EU per 1 μg of the protein by the LAL method.

**Purity** >95%, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by Colloidal Coomassie® Blue stain at 5 μg per lane.

**Formulation** Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in Tris and NaCl. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

**Activity Assay Protocol**

- Materials**
- Assay Buffer: 50 mM Sodium acetate, 0.05% Triton® X-100, pH 5.0
  - Recombinant Human ACP6 (rhACP6) (Catalog # 7766-AP)
  - Substrate: p-Nitrophenyl phosphate (Sigma, Catalog # N2765), 10 mM stock in deionized water
  - NaOH, 0.2 M in deionized water
  - 96-well Clear Plate (Costar, Catalog # 92592)
  - Plate Reader (Model: SpectraMax Plus by Molecular Devices) or equivalent

- Assay**
1. Dilute rhACP6 to 0.8 μg/mL in Assay buffer.
  2. Dilute Substrate to 2 mM in Assay buffer.
  3. In a plate, load 50 μL of 0.8 μg/mL rhACP6, and start the reaction by adding 50 μL of 2 mM Substrate. Include a Substrate Blank containing 50 μL of Assay buffer and 50 μL of 2 mM Substrate.
  4. Incubate plate at room temperature for 30 minutes in the dark.
  5. Add 100 μL of 0.2 M NaOH to all wells to stop the reaction and develop the color.
  6. Read plate at 410 nm (absorbance) in endpoint mode.
  7. Calculate specific activity:

$$\text{Specific Activity (pmol/min/}\mu\text{g)} = \frac{\text{Adjusted Abs}^* (\text{OD}) \times \text{Conversion Factor}^{**} (\text{pmol/OD})}{\text{Incubation time (min)} \times \text{amount of enzyme } (\mu\text{g})}$$

\*Adjusted for Substrate Blank

\*\*Derived using calibration standard p-Nitrophenol (Sigma, Catalog # 241326).

**Final Assay Conditions** Per Well:

- rhACP6: 0.04 μg
- pNPP: 0.5 mM

**PREPARATION AND STORAGE**

**Shipping** The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

**Stability & Storage** Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- 6 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after opening.

**BACKGROUND**

Lysophosphatidic Acid Phosphatase Type 6 (ACP6) is a membrane-bound protein that belongs to the Histidine Acid Phosphatase Family. ACP6 is expressed in kidney, heart, small intestine, muscle, liver, prostate, testis, ovary, and colon tissues (1, 2). Its function is to hydrolyze lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) to form monoacylglycerol. LPA is one of the simplest of all known phospholipids which has a variety of biological functions including cell proliferation, migration, and survival (3). LPA is found at high levels in serum but also present in saliva, follicular fluid, seminal plasma and malignant effusions and is implicated in many cancers including ovarian, breast and prostate (3-5).

**References:**

1. Hiroyama, M. and T. Takenawa (1999) J. Biol. Chem. **274**:29172.
2. Takayama I. *et al.* (2002) Gut **50**:790.
3. Mills, G. and W. Moolenaar (2003) Nature **3**:582.
4. Xu, Y. *et al.* (1995) Biochem J. **309**:933.
5. Xie, Y. *et al.* (2002) J. Biol. Chem. **277**:32516.

**PRODUCT SPECIFIC NOTICES**

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