

**DESCRIPTION**

**Source** Mouse myeloma cell line, NS0-derived  
Gln27-Leu272, with a C-terminal 6-His tag  
Accession # Q3SXB8

**N-terminal Sequence Analysis** No results obtained: Gln27 predicted

**Predicted Molecular Mass** 27 kDa

**SPECIFICATIONS**

**SDS-PAGE** 33-38 kDa, reducing conditions

**Activity** Measured by its ability to bind  $\alpha$ -L-Fucose. Keshi, H. *et al.* (2006) *Microbiol. Immunol.* **50**(12):1001.

**Endotoxin Level** <0.10 EU per 1  $\mu$ g of the protein by the LAL method.

**Purity** >85%, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by silver stain.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from a 0.2  $\mu$ m filtered solution in PBS. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

**PREPARATION AND STORAGE**

**Reconstitution** Reconstitute at 100  $\mu$ g/mL in sterile PBS.

**Shipping** The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

**Stability & Storage** **Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

**BACKGROUND**

Collectins constitute a family of C-type lectins that recognize molecular patterns expressed on pathogens. Members of this glycoprotein family contain a N-terminal domain, a collagen-like domain, a neck region, and a C-terminal carbohydrate recognition domain (CRD). Collectins are typically secreted molecules, although CL-P1 is membrane bound and CL-L1 is found in the cytoplasm (1 - 3). Collectin kidney 1 (CL-K1), also known as collectin subfamily member 11 (COLEC11), is a 37 kDa collectin that circulates in the serum (4, 5). It associates into disulfide-linked oligomers and preferentially interacts with fucose residues in a calcium-dependent manner (4). Mature mouse CL-K1 shares 94% and 98% amino acid sequence identity with human and rat CL-K1, respectively. Within the CRD, mouse CL-K1 shares 52% aa sequence identity with CL-L1 and 23% - 32% aa sequence identity with collectins CL-P1, MBL, SP-A, and SP-D.

**References:**

1. Gupta, G. and A. Surolia (2007) *Bioessays* **29**:452.
2. van de Wetering, J.K. *et al.* (2004) *Eur. J. Biochem.* **271**:1229.
3. Holmskov, U. *et al.* (2003) *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* **21**:547.
4. Keshi, H. *et al.* (2006) *Microbiol. Immunol.* **50**:1001.
5. Accession # NP\_082142.