

DESCRIPTION

Source	Mouse myeloma cell line, NS0-derived			
	Mouse EphA8 (Gly27 - Arg540) Accession # 009127	DIEGRMD	Human IgG ₁ (Pro100 - Lys330)	6-His tag
	N-terminus		C-terminus	
N-terminal Sequence	Gly27			
Analysis				
Structure / Form	Disulfide-linked homodimer			
Predicted Molecular Mass	84.2 kDa (monomer)			

SPECIFICATIONS

SDS-PAGE	100-120 kDa, reducing conditions
Activity	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Recombinant Mouse EphA8 Fc Chimera at 2 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind recombinant human Ephrin-A5 Fc Chimera with a linear range of 0.31-20 ng/mL. Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application.
Endotoxin Level	<0.01 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Purity	>90%, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by silver stain.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in MES, NaCl, PEG, CHAPS and Imidazole. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 100 µg/mL in sterile PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. ● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. ● 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

EphA8, also known as Hek3 and Eek, is a 120 kDa glycosylated member of the Eph family of transmembrane receptor tyrosine kinases (1, 2). The A and B classes of Eph proteins are distinguished by Ephrin ligand binding preference but have a common structural organization. EphA4 binds and is activated by class A Ephrins but not class B Ephrins (3, 4). Eph-Ephrin interactions are widely involved in the regulation of cell migration, tissue morphogenesis, and cancer progression. The 514 amino acid (aa) extracellular domain (ECD) of mouse EphA8 contains an N-terminal Ephrin binding region, a cysteine-rich region, and two fibronectin type III domains (FnIII). The 442 aa cytoplasmic domain contains the tyrosine kinase domain and a sterile alpha motif (SAM) (3). Within the ECD, mouse EphA8 shares 97% and 99% aa sequence identity with human and rat EphA8, respectively. EphA8 is expressed in neurons in the mesencephalon of the developing brain, particularly in the rostral tectum and the superior colliculus (5 - 7). It is enriched at the tips of neurite processes and plays a role in projection of superior colliculus axons through the posterior commissure (6, 8). Its expression enhances neurite extension by means of a mechanism that does not require catalytic activity of the tyrosine kinase domain (9). Ephrin-mediated activation of the EphA8 kinase induces phosphorylation of tyrosine residues in the cytoplasmic domain, leading to association with signaling and scaffolding proteins and inhibition of cell-cell adhesion (4, 8, 10). Ligand binding can also promote the Integrin-mediated cellular adhesion to Fibronectin (11). This function, like the enhancement of neurite extension, does not require activation of the kinase domain (11).

References:

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