

Recombinant Human IGSF4D/CADM2

Catalog Number: 4290-S4

Source	Mouse myeloma cell line, NS0-derived human IGSF4D/CADM2 protein			
	Human IGSF4D/CADM2 (Ala21-Asp335) Accession # AAI06000	6-His tag		
	N-terminus	C-terminus		
N-terminal Sequence Analysis	Ala21			
Predicted Molecular	35.5 kDa (monomer)			

SPECIFICATIONS		
SDS-PAGE	36-55 kDa, reducing conditions	
Activity	Measured by its ability to enhance neurite outgrowth of E16-E18 rat embryonic cortical neurons. Able to significantly enhance neurite outgrowth when immobilized as a 3 μL droplet containing 50 ng on a nitrocellulose-coated microplate.	
Endotoxin Level	<0.01 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.	
Purity	>95%, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by silver stain.	
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS. See Certificate of Analysis for details.	

PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 100 µg/mL in sterile PBS.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.	

BACKGROUND

four IGSF4 proteins, designated A, B, C and D, are type I transmembrane glycoproteins expressed mainly in epithelial cells that contain one V-type Ig-like and two C2-type Ig-like domains in their extracellular regions. These domains are characteristically responsible for Ca++-independent homophilic and heterophilic interactions in extracellular domain (ECD) that shares > 99% aa identity with corresponding regions of canine and bovine, and 93% aa identity with rat and mouse IGSF4D. Rat and mouse IGSF4D lack an exon at the end of the putative ECD. If this exon is disregarded, aa identity with human IGSF4D rises to > 98%. IGSF4A, B, C and D proteins

IGSF4D is an immunoglobulin superfamily member that is also designated as synaptic cell adhesion molecule 2 (SynCAM 2) and nectin-like protein 3 (Necl-3) (1). The

the brain, lung, kidney, bladder, prostate and testis (1-3). Based on homology with other family members, the 437 amino acid (aa) human IGSF4D contains a 355 aa share 35-50% aa identity within the ECD. Amino acids found to be critical in other IGSF4 proteins for adhesion and intracellular binding of MAGUK guanylate kinase subfamily proteins are conserved in IGSF4D (3). The expression and function of IGSF4D has not been well characterized. However, in-house quality control data at R&D Systems has shown that, like other family members, IGSF4D has a positive effect on in vitro outgrowth of cortical neurons.

References:

- 1. Biederer, T. et al. (2006) Genomics 87:139.
- 2. Sakisaka T. and Y. Takai (2004) Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 16:513.
- 3. Kakunaga, S. et al. (2004) J. Cell Sci. 118:1267.

