

DESCRIPTION

Source Chinese Hamster Ovary cell line, CHO-derived
Asp18-Lys505, with a C-terminal 10-His tag
Accession # P07237

N-terminal Sequence Analysis Asp18

Predicted Molecular Mass 56 kDa

SPECIFICATIONS

SDS-PAGE 60 kDa, reducing conditions

Activity Measured by its ability to promote aggregation of insulin in the presence of DTT.
The specific activity is $>7.5 A_{650}/\text{cm}/\text{min}/\text{mg}$, as measured under the described conditions.

Endotoxin Level <1.0 EU per 1 μg of the protein by the LAL method.

Purity $>80\%$, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by silver stain.

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in Tris, NaCl and Glycerol. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

Activity Assay Protocol

- Materials**
- Buffer A: 100 mM NaH_2PO_4 , 3 mM DTT, pH 7.0
 - Buffer B: 100 mM NaH_2PO_4 , 3 mM EDTA, pH 7.0
 - Recombinant Human Protein Disulfide Isomerase/P4HB (rhP4HB) (Catalog # 4236-DI)
 - Insulin (Sigma, Catalog # I-5500), 10 mg/mL solution in 50 mM Tris, pH 7.5 (solution will be cloudy)
 - 96-well Clear Plate (Costar, Catalog # 92592)
 - Plate Reader (Model: SpectraMax Plus by Molecular Devices) or equivalent

- Assay**
1. Dilute insulin to 1.5 mg/mL in Buffer B.
 2. Incubate diluted insulin for 10 minutes at room temperature (insulin will solubilize).
 3. Dilute rhP4HB to 45 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in Buffer A.
 4. Mix 100 μL of 45 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ rhP4HB and 200 μL of 1.5 mg/mL insulin. Create a Substrate Blank with 100 μL Buffer A and 200 μL insulin.
 5. Incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes.
 6. Load in a clear 96-well plate 100 μL from each reaction vial in duplicate.
 7. Read at 650 nm (absorbance) in kinetic mode for 5 minutes.
 8. Calculate specific activity:

$$\text{Specific Activity (Abs/cm/min/mg)} = \frac{\text{Adjusted } V_{\max}^* \text{ (Abs/min)**}}{\text{path corr. (cm)***} \times \text{amount of enzyme (mg)}}$$

*Adjusted for Substrate Blank

**Note: the output of many spectrophotometers in kinetic mode is in mOD.

***Using the pathlength correction of 0.32 cm

- Final Assay Conditions**
- Per Well:
- rhP4HB: 0.0015 mg
 - Insulin: 0.100 mg

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

- Stability & Storage** Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 6 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
 - 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after opening.

BACKGROUND

Protein Disulfide Isomerase, also known as prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit beta (P4HB), procollagen hydroxylase, cellular thyroid hormone binding protein p55 and glutathione-insulin transhydrogenase (1-3) is an abundant multifunctional enzyme that belongs to the Protein Disulfide Isomerase family. It contains two thioredoxin domains that catalyze the formation, breakage and rearrangement of disulfide bonds. When present as a tetramer consisting of two alpha subunits and two beta subunits, this enzyme functions as a hydroxylase catalyzing the hydroxylation of prolyl residues in procollagen. P4HB has various additional functions (4-7). It binds thyroid hormone. It acts as a chaperone that inhibits aggregation of misfolded proteins. It plays a role in both the influx and efflux of S-nitrosothiol-bound nitric oxide. It is also a subunit of the microsomal triglyceride transfer protein complex.

References:

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