

Recombinant Human Common γ Chain/IL-2 Rγ

Catalog Number: 384-RG

DESCRIPTION	
Source	Spodoptera frugiperda, Sf 21 (baculovirus)-derived human Common gamma Chain/IL-2 R gamma protein Leu23-Asn254, with a C-terminal 6-His tag Accession # P31785
N-terminal Sequence Analysis	Leu23
Predicted Molecular	28.2 kDa

SPECIFICATIONS	
SDS-PAGE	40 kDa, reducing conditions
Activity	Measured by its ability to inhibit the IL-2-dependent proliferation of MO7e human megakaryocytic leukemic cells. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is typically 0.6-3.6 μg/mL in the presence of 30 μg/mL of soluble IL-2 Rβ and 10 ng/mL of recombinant human IL-2.
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Purity	>97%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie® Blue Staining.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with BSA as a carrier protein. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE	
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 500 μg/mL in sterile PBS containing at least 0.1% human or bovine serum albumin.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

The γ chain of the high affinity functional human IL-2 receptor complex belongs to the hematopoietin receptor family. IL-2 R γ is a 369 amino acid residue protein consisting of a 22 residue signal sequence, a 232 residue extracellular domain, a 29 residue transmembrane domain and an 86 residue cytoplasmic domain. Although IL-2 R γ by itself does not bind IL-2 with any appreciable affinity, it is required for IL-2 receptor signaling. Besides IL-2, the γ chain has been shown to be a component of the functional receptor complexes for IL-4, IL-7, IL-9 and IL-15. It has been proposed that IL-2 R γ be designated the common γ chain (γ _C). The site of molecular defects in X-linked SCID (severe combined immunodeficiency) has now been mapped to the IL-2 R γ gene.

References:

- 1. Minami, Y. et al. (1993) Annu. Rev. Immunol. 11:245.
- 2. Noguchi, M. et al. (1993) Science 262:1877.

