

DESCRIPTION

Source Mouse myeloma cell line, NS0-derived
Lys69-Lys967, with a C-terminal 10-His tag
Accession # NP_001141

N-terminal Sequence Analysis Lys69

Predicted Molecular Mass 104 kDa

SPECIFICATIONS

SDS-PAGE 131 kDa, reducing conditions

Activity Measured by its ability to cleave the fluorogenic peptide substrate, Ala-7-amido-4-methylcoumarin (Ala-AMC).
The specific activity is >2,500 pmol/min/μg, as measured under the described conditions.

Endotoxin Level <1.0 EU per 1 μg of the protein by the LAL method.

Purity >95%, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by silver stain.

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in MES and NaCl. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

Activity Assay Protocol

- Materials**
- Assay Buffer: 50 mM Tris, pH 7.0
 - Recombinant Human Aminopeptidase N/CD13 (rhCD13) (Catalog # 3815-ZN)
 - Substrate: Ala-AMC (Bachem, Catalog # I-1410)
 - F16 Black Maxisorp Plate (Nunc, Catalog # 475515)
 - Fluorescent Plate Reader (Model: Spectramax Gemini EM by Molecular Devices) or equivalent

- Assay**
1. Dilute rhCD13 to 0.2 μg/mL in Assay Buffer.
 2. Dilute Substrate to 200 μM in Assay Buffer.
 3. Load 50 μL of 0.2 μg/mL rhCD13 into a plate, and start the reaction by adding 50 μL of 200 μM Substrate. Include a Substrate Blank containing 50 μL of Assay Buffer and 50 μL of Substrate.
 4. Read at excitation and emission wavelengths of 380 nm and 460 nm (top read), respectively, in kinetic mode for 5 minutes.
 5. Calculate specific activity:

$$\text{Specific Activity (pmol/min/}\mu\text{g)} = \frac{\text{Adjusted } V_{\text{max}}^* \text{ (RFU/min)} \times \text{Conversion Factor}^{**} \text{ (pmol/RFU)}}{\text{amount of enzyme (}\mu\text{g)}}$$

*Adjusted for Substrate Blank

**Derived using calibration standard 7-Amino-4-Methyl Coumarin (Sigma, Catalog # A9891).

- Final Assay Conditions** Per Well:
- rhCD13: 0.010 μg
 - Substrate: 100 μM

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

- Stability & Storage** Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 6 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
 - 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after opening.

BACKGROUND

The human ANPEP gene encodes aminopeptidase N (APN), which is also known as microsomal aminopeptidase, alanyl aminopeptidase, aminopeptidase M, CD13, or membrane protein p161 (1-3). The deduced amino acid sequence of human APN consists of a short cytoplasmic tail (residues 2 to 8), a transmembrane region (residue 9 to 32), a Ser/Thr rich region and a zinc metalloprotease domain (residues 69 to 966). Widely expressed in many cells, tissues and species, APN cleaves the N-terminal amino acids from bioactive peptides, leading to their inactivation or degradation. The roles of APN in many fields, such as neuroscience, hematopoietic cells, immune system, angiogenesis, cancer and viral infection, have been reviewed (3).

References:

1. Olsen, J. *et al.* (1988) FEBS Lett. **238**:307.
2. Look, A.T. *et al.* (1989) J. Clin. Invest. **83**:1299.
3. Turner, A.J. (2004) in *Handbook of Proteolytic Enzymes* (ed. Barrett, *et al.*) pp. 289, Academic Press, San Diego.