

Recombinant Human Active Blk Protein, CF

Certificate of Analysis Catalog Number: 2679-KS-010 Lot Number: 1655678

SPECIFICATIONS AND USE

Source	Recombinant human Blk was expressed by baculovirus in Sf9 insect cells using an N-terminal GST tag. The gene accession number is BC007371.
Molecular Mass	The approximate molecular weight is 84 kDa.
Purity	The purity was determined to be $>$ 90% by densitometry.
Formulation	Supplied in 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 0.25 mM DTT, 10 mM Glutathione, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.1 mM PMSF, and 25% Glycerol.
Size	10 µg
Concentration	0.1 µg/µL
Activity	The specific activity of Blk was determined to be 110 nmol/min/mg using a poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) synthetic peptide substrate.
Storage	This product is stable at \leq -70 °C for up to one year from the date of receipt. For optimal storage, aliquot into smaller quantities after centrifugation and store at recommended temperature. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

BACKGROUND

Blk, also known as B lymphoid kinase, is a 55 kDa tyrosine kinase with SH3, SH2 and catalytic domains that contain consensus sequences of the src protein tyrosine kinase family. BLK is expressed specifically in the B cell lineage and plays a role in signal transduction pathway that is restricted to B lymphoid cells (1). Stimulation of resting B lymphocytes with antibodies to surface immunoglobulin (slgD or slgM) induces activation of BLK (2).



Figure 1: The purity of Blk was determined to be > 90% by densitometry. Approximately MW 88kDa.



Figure 2: Enzymatic assay results. The specific activity of Blk was determined to be 110 nmol/min/mg as per activity assay protocol (on reverse).

REFERENCES

- 1. Dymecki, S.M. et al. (1990) Science 247:332.
- 2. Burkhardt, A.L. et al. (1991) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:7410.

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ACTIVITY ASSAY PROTOCOL

Solutions Required

Active Kinase - Active Blk (0.1 μg/μL) diluted with Kinase Dilution Buffer II and assayed as outlined in sample activity plot. **Note:** These are suggested working dilutions and it is recommended that the researcher perform a serial dilution of Active Blk for optimal results.

Kinase Dilution Buffer II - Kinase Assay Buffer II diluted at a 1:4 ratio (5X dilution) with distilled water.

Kinase Assay Buffer II - 25 mM MOPS, pH 7.2, 12.5 mM β glycerol-phosphate, 20 mM MgC1₂, 25 mM MnCI₂, 5 mM EGTA, 2 mM EDTA. Add 0.25 mM DTT to Kinase Assay Buffer prior to use

[³³P]-ATP Assay Cocktail - Prepare 250 μM [³³P]-ATP Assay Cocktail in a designated radioactive working area by adding the following components: 150 μL of 10 mM ATP Stock Solution, 100 μl [³³P]-ATP (1 mCi/100 μL), 5.75 mL of Kinase Assay Buffer II. Store 1 mL aliquots at -20 °C.

10 mM ATP Stock Solution - Prepare ATP stock solution by dissolving 55 mg of ATP in 10 mL of Kinase Assay Buffer II. Store 200 µL aliquots at -20 °C.

Substrate - Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) synthetic peptide substrate diluted in distilled water to a final concentration of 1 mg/mL.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

- 1. Thaw [³³P]-ATP Assay Cocktail in shielded container in a designated radioactive working area.
- 2. Thaw the Active Blk, Kinase Assay Buffer, Substrate and Kinase Dilution Buffer on ice.
- 3. In a pre-cooled microfuge tube, add the following reaction components bringing the initial reaction volume up to 20 µL:

Reaction Component	Amount
Diluted Active Blk	10 µL
Stock solution of Substrate at 1 mg/mL	5 µL
Distilled water (2-8 °C)	5 µL

- 4. Set up the blank control as outlined in step 3, excluding the addition of the substrate. Replace the substrate with an equal volume of distilled water.
- 5. Initiate the reaction by the addition of 5 μL [³³P]-ATP Assay Cocktail bringing the final volume up to 25 μL and incubate the mixture in a water bath at 30 °C for 15 minutes.
- 6. After the 15 minute incubation period, terminate the reaction by spotting 20 μL of the reaction mixture onto individual pre-cut strips of phosphocellulose P81 paper.
- 7. Air dry the pre-cut P81 strip and sequentially wash in a 1% phosphoric acid solution (dilute 10 mL of phosphoric acid and make a 1 L solution with distilled water) with constant gentle stirring. It is recommended that the strips be washed a total of 3 intervals for approximately 10 minutes each.
- 8. Count the radioactivity on the P81 paper in the presence of scintillation fluid in a scintillation counter.
- 9. Determine the corrected cpm by removing the blank control value (see Step 4) for each sample and calculate the kinase specific activity as outlined below.

Calculation of [³³P]-ATP Specific Activity (SA) (cpm/pmol)

Specific activity (SA) = cpm for 5 μ L [³³P]-ATP / pmoles of ATP (in 5 μ L of a 250 μ M ATP stock solution, *i.e.*, 1250 pmoles)

Kinase Specific Activity (SA) (pmol/min/µg or nmol/min/mg)

Corrected cpm from reaction / [(SA of ³³P-ATP in cpm/pmol) * (Reaction time in min) * (Enzyme amount in µg or mg)] * [(Reaction Volume) / (Spot Volume)]

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