

DESCRIPTION

Source *Spodoptera frugiperda*, Sf 21 (baculovirus)-derived
Gln45-Ser833
Accession # P42702

N-terminal Sequence Analysis No results obtained: Gln45 predicted

Predicted Molecular Mass 89 kDa

SPECIFICATIONS

SDS-PAGE 100-110 kDa, reducing conditions

Activity Measured by its ability to inhibit LIF-dependent proliferation of TF-1 human erythroleukemic cells. Kitamura, T. *et al.* (1989) *J. Cell Physiol.* **140**:323.
The ED₅₀ for this effect is typically 3-10 μ g/mL in the presence of 4 ng/mL of recombinant human LIF.

Endotoxin Level <1.0 EU per 1 μ g of the protein by the LAL method.

Purity >97%, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by silver stain.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution in PBS with BSA as a carrier protein. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution Reconstitute at 50 μ g/mL in sterile PBS containing at least 0.1% human or bovine serum albumin.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage **Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

The activities of the pleiotropic cytokine LIF are mediated through a high-affinity heterodimeric receptor complex consisting of two membrane glycoproteins: an α subunit (LIF R α , also known as LIF R β and CD118) that binds LIF with low affinity and the 130 kDa (gp130) subunit that does not bind LIF by itself, but is required for high-affinity binding of LIF by the complex. The gp130 subunit was first described as the signal transducing subunit of the high-affinity IL-6 receptor complex. Besides LIF, the high-affinity heterodimeric LIF receptor complex has been shown to mediate the activities of oncostatin M (OSM), cardiotrophin-1 and ciliary neurotrophic factor (CNTF).

Human LIF R α cDNA encodes a 1097 amino acid (aa) residue precursor type I membrane protein with a 44 aa residue signal peptide, a 789 aa residue extracellular domain, a 26 aa residue transmembrane domain, and a 238 aa residue cytoplasmic domain. LIF R α is a member of the cytokine receptor family and has extensive homology to gp130. The extracellular domain of LIF R α has two cytokine receptor domains and three fibronectin type III repeats. In mouse, mRNAs encoding a soluble LIF R α and lacking transmembrane and intracellular domains, have been isolated. Soluble LIF R α has been shown to bind LIF and has LIF antagonistic activity.

References:

1. Bazan, J.F. 1990, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **87**:6934.
2. Gearing, D.P. (1994) *Guidebook to Cytokines and Their Receptors*, Academic Press, p130.
3. Pennica D. *et al.* (1995) *J. Biol. Chem.* **270**:10915.