biotechne

RDSYSTEMS

Recombinant Human IL-22 (HEK293-

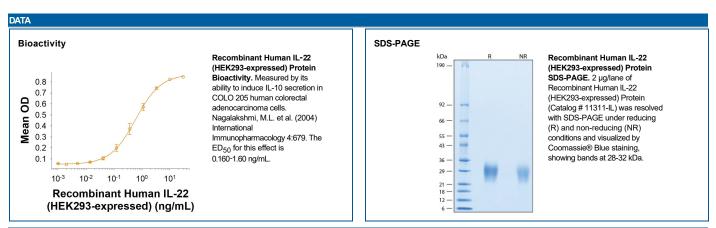
expressed)

Catalog Number: 11311-IL

DESCRIPTION	
Source	Human embryonic kidney cell, HEK293-derived human IL-22 protein Ala34-Ile179 Accession # Q9GZX6.1
N-terminal Sequence Analysis	Ala34
Predicted Molecular Mass	17 kDa

SPECIFICATIONS	
SDS-PAGE	28-32 kDa, under reducing conditions.
Activity	Measured by its ability to induce IL-10 secretion in COLO 205 human colorectal adenocarcinoma cells. Nagalakshmi, M.L. <i>et al.</i> (2004) International Immunopharmacology 4 :679. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is 0.160-1.60 ng/mL.
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 μ g of the protein by the LAL method.
Purity	>95%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie® Blue Staining.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE	
Reconstitution	Reconstitute the 10 µg size at 100 µg/mL in PBS. Reconstitute all other sizes at 500 µg/mL in PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
	 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
	 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.



BACKGROUND

Interleukin-22 (IL-22), also known as IL-10-related T cell-derived inducible factor (IL-TIF) was initially identified as a gene induced by IL-9 in mouse T cells and mast cells. Human IL-22 cDNA encodes a 179 amino acid (aa) residue protein with a putative 33 aa signal peptide that is cleaved to generate a 147 aa mature protein that shares approximately 79% and 22% aa sequence identity with mouse IL-22 and human IL-10, respectively. The human IL-22 gene is localized to chromosome 12q15. Although it exists as a single copy gene in human and in many mouse strains, the mouse IL-22 gene is duplicated in some mouse strains including C57B1/6, FVB and 129. The two mouse genes designated IL-TIF α and IL-TIF β , share greater than 98% sequence homology in their coding region. IL-22 has been shown to activate STAT-1 and STAT-3 in several hepatoma cell lines and upregulate the production of acute phase proteins. IL-22 is produced by normal T cells upon anti-CD3 stimulation in humans. Mouse IL-22 expression is also induced in various organs upon lipopolysaccharide injection, suggesting that IL-22 may be involved in inflammatory responses. The functional IL-22 receptor complex consists of two receptor subunits, IL-22R (previously an orphan receptor named CRF2-9) and IL-10R β (previously known as CRF2-4), belonging to the class II cytokine receptor family.

References:

- 1. Dumoutier, L. et al. (2000) J. Immunol. 164:1814.
- 2. Xie, M-H. et al. (2000) J. Biol. Chem. 275:31335.
- 3. Dumoutier, L. et al. (2000) PNAS 97:10144.
- 4. Kotenko, S.V. et al. (2001) J. Biol. Chem. 276:2725.

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