

## Recombinant Human VSIG3 His-tag

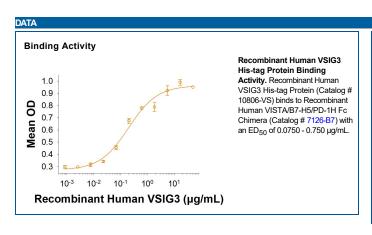
Catalog Number: 10806-VS

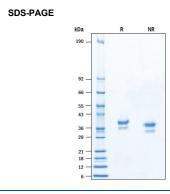
DESCRIPTION	
Source	Mouse myeloma cell line, NS0-derived human VSIG3 protein
	Leu23-Gly245, with a C-terminal 6-His tag
	Accession # Q5DX21.3

N-terminal Sequence Leu23 Analysis Predicted Molecular 24 kDa Mass

SPECIFICATIONS	
SDS-PAGE	32-41 kDa, under reducing conditions
Activity	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA.
	Recombinant Human VSIG3 His-tag (Catalog # 10806-VS) binds to Recombinant Human VISTA/B7-H5/PD-1H Fc Chimera (Catalog # 7126-B7) with an ED $_{50}$ of 0.0750 - 0.750 $\mu$ g/mL.
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Purity	>95%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie® Blue Staining.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE		
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 200 μg/mL in PBS.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.  12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.  1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.  3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.	





Recombinant Human VSIG3 His-tag Protein SDS-PAGE. 2 µg/lane of Recombinant Human VSIG3 His-tag (Catalog # 10806-VS) was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) and nonreducing (NR) conditions and visualized by Coomassie® Blue staining, showing bands at 32-41 kDa



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## **BACKGROUND**

VSIG3, also known as IGSF11, BT-IgSF, and CLMP, is an approximately 50 kDa transmembrane adhesion protein (1). Mature human VSIG3 consists of a 219 amino acid (aa) extracellular domain (ECD) that contains two tandem Ig-like domains, a 21 aa transmembrane segment, and a 169 aa cytoplasmic domain (2). Within the ECD, human VSIG3 shares 95% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat VSIG3. Alternative splicing generates additional isoforms with a substituted signal peptide that may also have a deletion in the second Ig-like domain (3). VSIG3 is expressed on epithelial and endothelial cells, neurons and glial cells, and platelets (2-4). It localizes to epithelial tight junctions and mediates homophilic in trans cell adhesion (3-5). VSIG3 also localizes to neuronal postsynaptic densisties where it recruits the GluA1 and GluA2 subunits of AMPA receptors and supports excitatory synaptic transmission (6). The short isoform can be up-regulated in gastric cancer (7). In zebrafish, VSIG3 is expressed in melanophores and their precursors and plays a role in the development and patterning of pigment cells (8).

## References:

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- 3. Katoh, M. and M. Katoh (2003) Int. J. Oncol. 23:525.
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- 7. Watanabe, T. et al. (2005) Cancer Sci. 96:498.
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