

DESCRIPTION

Source	Human embryonic kidney cell, HEK293-derived human LRRC52 protein		
	Human LRRC-52 (Ser24-Asp244) Accession # Q8N7C0	IEGRMD	Human IgG ₁ (Pro100-Lys330)
	N-terminus		C-terminus
N-terminal Sequence	Ser24		
Analysis			
Structure / Form	Disulfide-linked homodimer		
Predicted Molecular Mass	52 kDa		

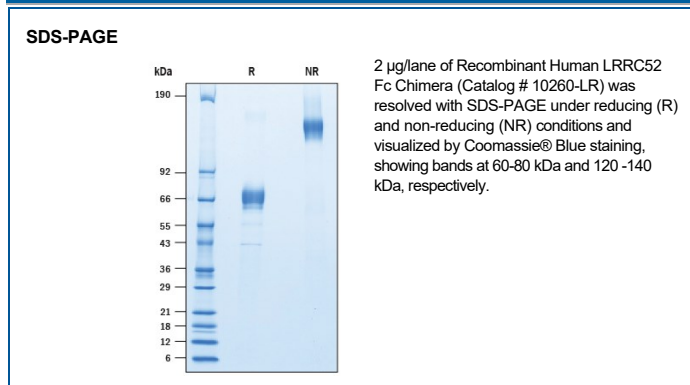
SPECIFICATIONS

SDS-PAGE	60-80 kDa, under reducing conditions
Activity	Measured by its ability to inhibit neurite outgrowth of E16-E18 rat embryonic cortical neurons. Recombinant Human LRRC52 Fc Chimera, immobilized at 2.5 µg/mL on a 96 well plate, is able to significantly inhibit neurite outgrowth.
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Purity	>95%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie® Blue Staining.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 500 µg/mL in PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	<p>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. • 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. • 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

DATA



BACKGROUND

LRRC52 (Leucine-rich repeat-containing protein 52) belongs to an extracellular leucine-rich-repeat-only (Elron) cluster, which includes five other LRRC proteins: LRRC26, LRRC38, LRRC55, LRRC52, LRRC51 and LRRC50 (1). Elron cluster members are type I transmembrane proteins with an extracellular domain (ECD) containing several LRR motifs and a cytoplasmic C-terminal tail with a short stretch of acidic residues (1). The mature ECD of LRRC52 is 221 amino acids (aa), containing 5 LRR motifs, and shares 76% and 78% identity with mouse and rat LRRC52, respectively. LRRC-52 is dominantly expressed in testis and skeletal muscle and is also detected in several other tissues including placenta, kidney, lung, and some glands (2, 3). LRRC52 has been identified as a testes specific SLO3 K⁺ channel accessory protein in mouse (2). LRRC52 is proposed to be essential for alkalization dependent activation of the K_{Sper} current at physiological membrane potentials and pH (2). Activation of the SLO3 channel is critical in the fertilization process and loss of function results in infertility (2, 4, 5). A second Elron cluster protein, LRRC26, was recently identified as a regulatory subunit of SLO1 BK-type K⁺ channels, suggesting a general function for the entire family (6). Based on function, LRRC52 might be a therapeutic target for male contraception (7).

References:

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2. Yang, C. *et al.* (2011) PNAS **108**:19419.
3. Leonetti, M. *et al.* (2012) PNAS. **109**:19274.
4. Navarro, B. *et al.* (2007) PNAS **104**:7688.
5. Sanit, C. *et al.* (2010) FEBS Lett. **584**:1041.
6. Yan, J. and Aldrich, RW. (2010) Nature **466**:513.
7. Zeng, XH. *et al.* (2015) PNAS **112**:2599.