

DESCRIPTION

Source	Chinese Hamster Ovary cell line, CHO-derived human OLT-2/TARM1 protein		
	Human OLT-2/TARM1 (Gln17-Val235) Accession # NP_001129158.2	IEGRMD	Human IgG ₁ (Pro100-Lys330)
	N-terminus		C-terminus
N-terminal Sequence Analysis	No results obtained. Gln17 inferred from enzymatic pyroglutamate treatment revealing Gly18.		
Structure / Form	Disulfide-linked homodimer		
Predicted Molecular Mass	50 kDa		

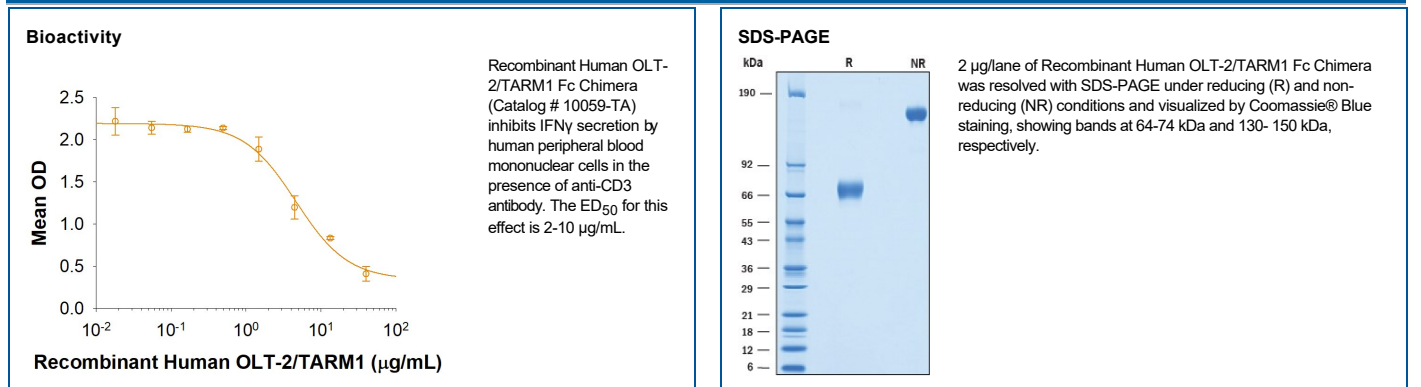
SPECIFICATIONS

SDS-PAGE	64-74 kDa, reducing conditions
Activity	Measured by its ability to inhibit anti-CD3 antibody induced IFN-gamma secretion by human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC). The ED ₅₀ for this effect is 2-10 µg/mL.
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Purity	>95%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie® Blue Staining.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 500 µg/mL in PBS.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage	<p>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. • 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. • 3 months, ≤ -20 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

DATA



BACKGROUND

T cell interacting, activating receptor on myeloid cells-1 (TARM-1), also known as OSCAR-like transcript-2 protein (OLT-2) is a type 1 membrane protein expressed by neutrophils, inflammatory monocytes, macrophages, and dendritic cells. Mature mouse OLT-2/TARM-1 contains a 242 aa long extracellular domain with two Ig-like C2 domains, a 21 aa long transmembrane domain and a 9 aa long cytoplasmic domain. The extracellular domain of human OLT-2/TARM-1 shares 48% and 49% amino acid (aa) identity with mouse and rat OLT-2/TARM-1 respectively. OLT-2/TARM-1 associates with the ITAM bearing adaptor Fc γ , but not with DAP10 or DAP12. OLT-2/TARM1 expression is also up-regulated by bone marrow-derived macrophages and dendritic cells following stimulation with TLR agonists *in vitro*. OLT-2/TARM-1 receptor stimulation on macrophages and neutrophils co-stimulate the secretion of proinflammatory cytokines induced by TLR ligands, such as LPS. OLT-2/TARM-1 Fc fusion protein inhibits anti-CD3 induced CD4⁺ cell activation, suggesting that OLT-2/TARM-1 ectodomain interacts with an unidentified receptor on T cells to inhibit T cell activation (1).

References:

1. Radjabova, V., et al. (2015) J Immunol. **195**:3149.