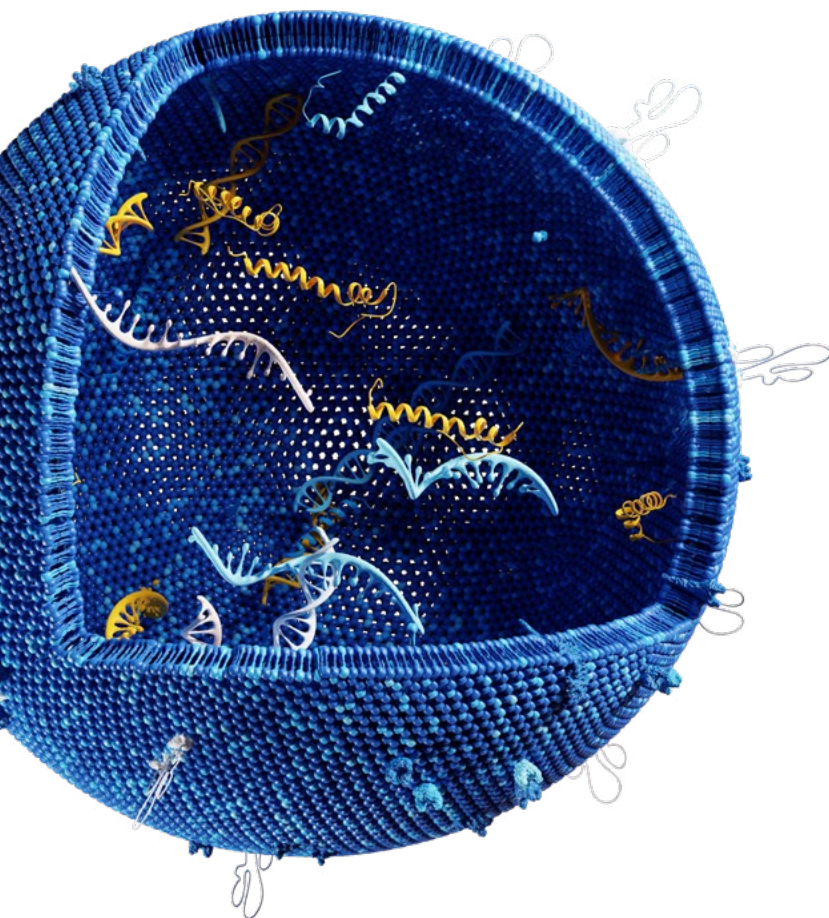


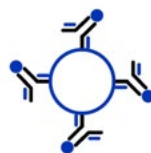
# Validated Antibodies for Extracellular Vesicles Research

Isolate. Identify. Characterize.

Extracellular vesicles (EVs) are revolutionizing biomarker discovery, diagnostics and therapeutics. We provide a growing portfolio of antibodies validated on a wide range of applications for EV research from advancing biogenesis to health and disease. Confidently isolate, identify and characterize EV preparations from biological fluids and cell culture media with validated antibodies designed for unmatched specificity and reproducibility.

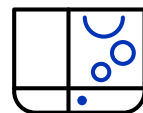


## Why Choose R&D Systems™ Antibodies for EV Research:



### Enhanced antibody validation

Leverage 40+ years of antibody design and development expertise



### EV-relevant applications

Stringent application-focused antibody validation process designed for high performance, including ELISA, Simple Western™ Technology, Western Blot, ICC/IF and Flow



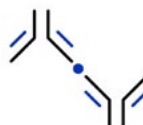
### EV-recommended markers

For accurate and reproducible EV identification and purity assessment, and deeper characterization and functional studies



### Largest commercial portfolio

Over 130,000 primary antibodies covering key EV, tissue, disease and cell-specific markers



### Flexible custom solutions

Including conjugation, engineering, formulation and bulk options

## Target the Markers That Matter

According to Minimal Information for Studies of Extracellular Vesicles (MISEV) guidelines from the International Society of Extracellular Vesicles (ISEV), the recommended markers for EV characterization are divided into both a minimal and extended set of markers. Minimal markers ensure preparations contains EVs and not cellular debris or protein aggregates, whilst extended markers help define EV subtypes, origin, and biological roles.

R&D Systems provides a broad selection of antibodies spanning key MISEV categories (Table 1), empowering researchers to achieve everything from core characterization to in-depth functional analysis of EVs. Our solutions are designed for versatility—supporting EV studies across diverse applications, research areas, and sample types.

TABLE 1.

Selected MISEV Guideline Markers for EV Identification and Characterization. R&D Systems Validated Antibody Applications.

Marker(s)	Type	Purpose	Validated Antibody Applications						
			IC	WB	SW	ELISA	ICC/IF/IHC	Flow	IEM
<b>CD9, CD63, CD81, CD82</b>	Tetraspanin transmembrane proteins	Proves lipid bilayer presence	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Alix, TSG101</b>	Cytosolic proteins (ESCRT-pathway)	Proves internal cytosolic cargo	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Flotillin-1</b>	Lipid anchored scaffolding protein	Proves membrane associated cargo		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
<b>HSP60, HSP70, HSP90</b>	Chaperone protein. Intracellular exosome cargo protein	Proves membrane associated cargo		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<b>Calnexin, GM130</b>	Non EV organelle	Negative control /purity assessment		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<b>EpCAM</b>	Transmembrane glycoprotein	Epithelial/ Tumor marker	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<b>Galectin 1</b>	β-galactoside binding protein	Disease/Tumor marker	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

IC: Immunocapture, WB: Western Blot, SW: Simple Western, ICC/IF/IHC: Immunocytochemistry, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Flow: Flow Cytometry, IEM: Immuno Electron Microscopy



### Explore EV Marker Antibodies

Scan the QR Code or visit:

[bio-techne.com/research-areas/exosomes](https://www.bio-techne.com/research-areas/exosomes)

## Advance Your EV Protein Analysis with Simple Western Systems

Simple Western automated capillary systems deliver precise protein expression analysis using low sample volumes, even from complex biological samples like EVs.

To ensure reproducibility and reliability, R&D Systems applies rigorous, platform-specific antibody validation for Simple Western assays. Our validated portfolio includes:

- Canonical EV markers (Figure 1 and Table 2)
- Disease-associated biomarkers (Figure 2 and Table 3)

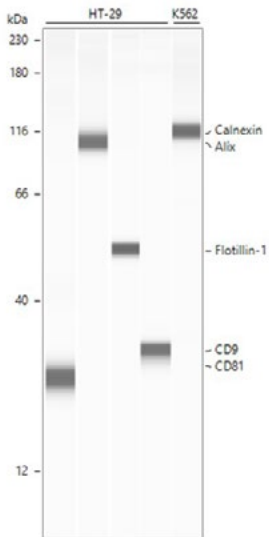


Figure 1. Simple Western lane-view analysis of canonical EV markers. Lysates of exosome standards were prepared according to protocol, and canonical EV targets were detected using antibodies for EVs listed in Table 2. Calnexin, Alix, and Flotillin-1 experiments were conducted under reducing conditions, while CD9 and CD81 were run under non-reducing conditions, all using the 12-230kDa separation system.



TABLE 2.

General EV markers and corresponding exosome standards evaluated on Simple Western.

Primary Antibody	Catalog	Exosome Standards Tested
<b>Alix</b>	NBP1-49701	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>Calnexin</b>	NB100-1974	K562 (NBP2-49864)
<b>CD9</b>	MAB11464	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>CD81</b>	MAB46152	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>Flotillin-1</b>	NBP1-79022	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>TSG101</b>	NBP2-67884	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)



### Explore Simple Western for EV Research

Scan the QR Code or visit:  
[bio-technne.com/resources/instrument-applications/extracellular-vesicle-protein-analysis-with-jess](https://www.bio-technne.com/resources/instrument-applications/extracellular-vesicle-protein-analysis-with-jess)

**FIGURE 2.**

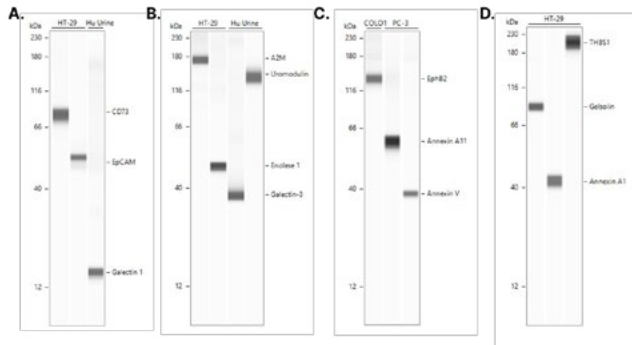


Figure 2. Simple Western lane-view analysis of disease biomarkers. Lysates of exosome standards were prepared according to protocol and antibodies for disease markers (Table 3) were used to detect their targets. (A) Cancer biomarkers: CD73, EpCAM, Galectin 1 (B) Infectious disease biomarkers: A2M, Enolase 1, Galectin-3, Uromodulin (C) Neurological disease biomarkers: Annexin A11, Annexin V, EphB2 (D) Kidney disease biomarkers: Annexin A1, Gelsolin/GSN, THBS1. These experiments were conducted under reducing conditions and using the 12-230kDa separation system.

**TABLE 3.**

EV-associated disease biomarkers for cancer, kidney disease, neurological disease, and infectious disease and corresponding exosome standards evaluated on Simple Western.

Primary Antibody	Catalog	Exosome Standards Tested
<b>CD73</b>	AF5795	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>EpCAM</b>	AF960	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>Galectin-1</b>	AF1152	Hu Urine (NBP2-49840)
<b>A2M</b>	MAB1938	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>Enolase 1</b>	NBP2-25147	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>Galectin-3</b>	AF1154	Hu Urine (NBP2-49840)
<b>Uromodulin</b>	AF5144	Hu Urine (NBP2-49840)
<b>Annexin A11</b>	AF3927	PC-3 (NBP2-49856)
<b>Annexin V</b>	MAB3991	PC-3 (NBP2-49856)
<b>EphB2</b>	AF467	COLO1 (NBP2-49845)
<b>Annexin A1</b>	AF3770	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>Gelsolin/GSN</b>	MAB8170	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)
<b>THBS-1</b>	AF3074	HT-29 (NBP3-11685)



**Meet Simple Western**

Scan the QR Code or visit:  
[bio-techne.com/simplewestern](https://bio-techne.com/simplewestern)

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